

L'évolution du génome et le génome dans l'évolution

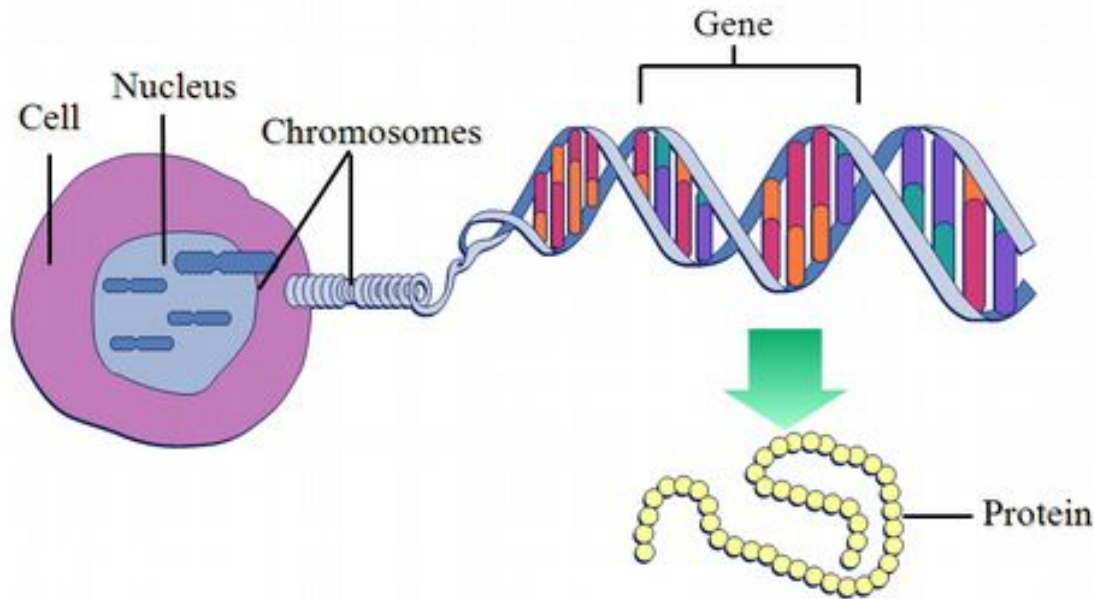
Virginie Orgogozo
CNRS, Institut Jacques Monod, Paris

Génome :

ensemble du matériel génétique

d'un individu ou d'une espèce

codée dans son acide désoxyribonucléique (ADN)



Le génome et l'ADN

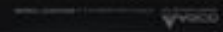


SUPERIOR DNA

from MASSEY FERGUSON

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- World class engineering and manufacturing
- Proven breeding research and selection
 - Traditional way of DNA application practices
 - Farming, dealer and fleet services, linked R&D, Finance support
 - Superior DNA with Massey/Ferguson spirit



- Superior DNA with Massey/Ferguson spirit
- Proven breeding research and selection
- Traditional way of DNA application practices
- Farming, dealer and fleet services, linked R&D, Finance support
- Superior DNA with Massey/Ferguson spirit



OUR LESS IS MORE
DESIGN PHILOSOPHY IS
BEST APPRECIATED ON
15% INCLINES.



GENETICALLY
ENGINEERED
FIT



P.R.O. ROAD II

With its feather-light 10k
Dimensional carbon-graphite plate
and extremely low 20mm stack
height, this shoe turns the
line between rider and shoe.
Available at design hubs for
or about, increasing pedaling
power and efficiency.

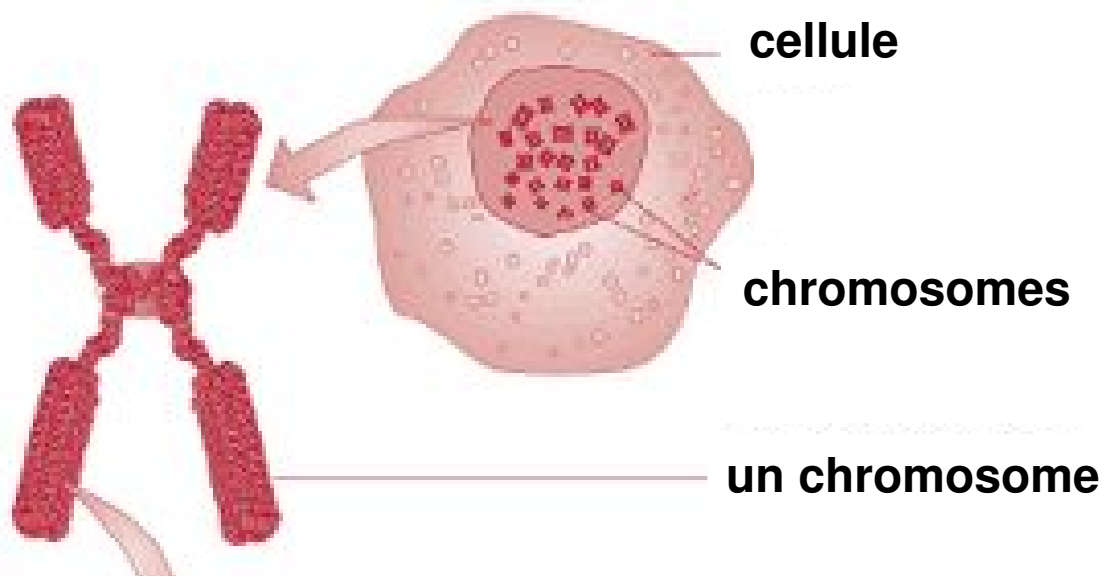


P.R.O. MTR

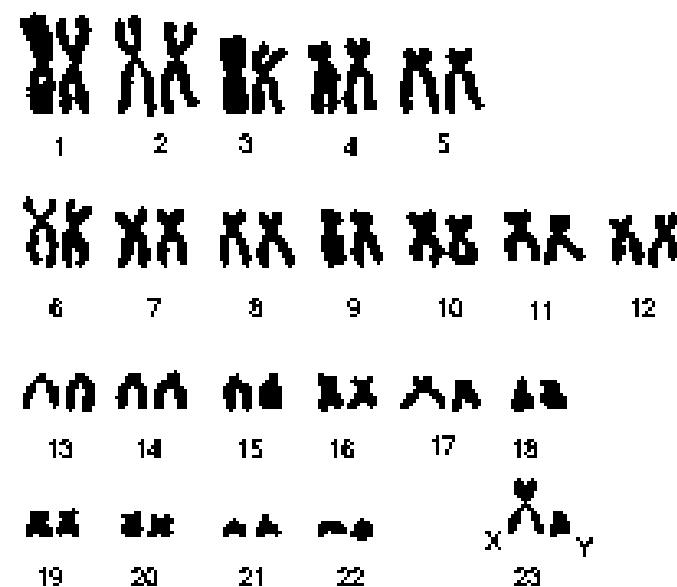
The same high-tech, internally
stabilized design of the
road shoe, designed for
20-40% low stack height factor
built close to the pedal,
maximizing power and
efficiency for a seamless
road-to-mountain bike and vice versa.

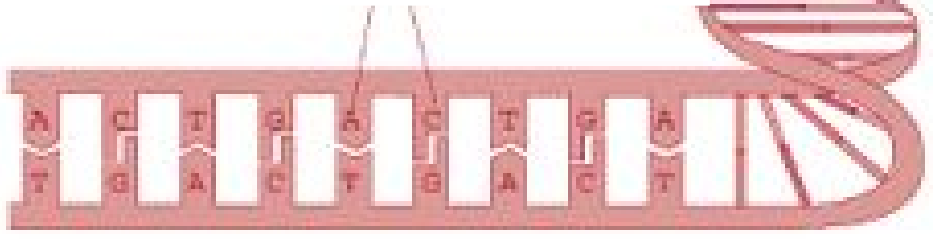
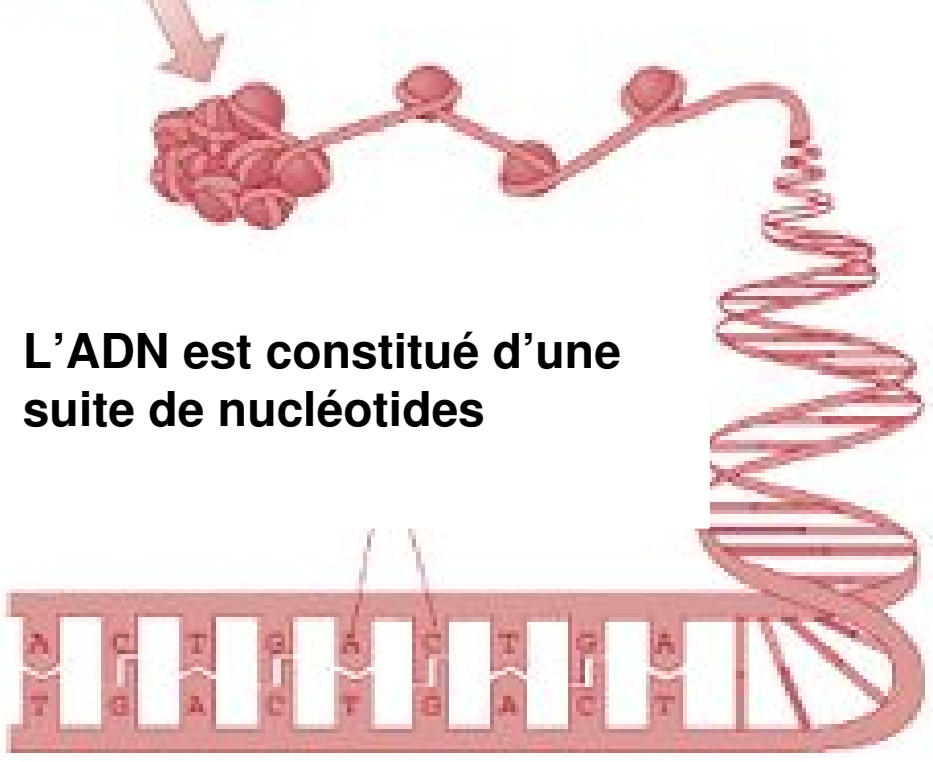
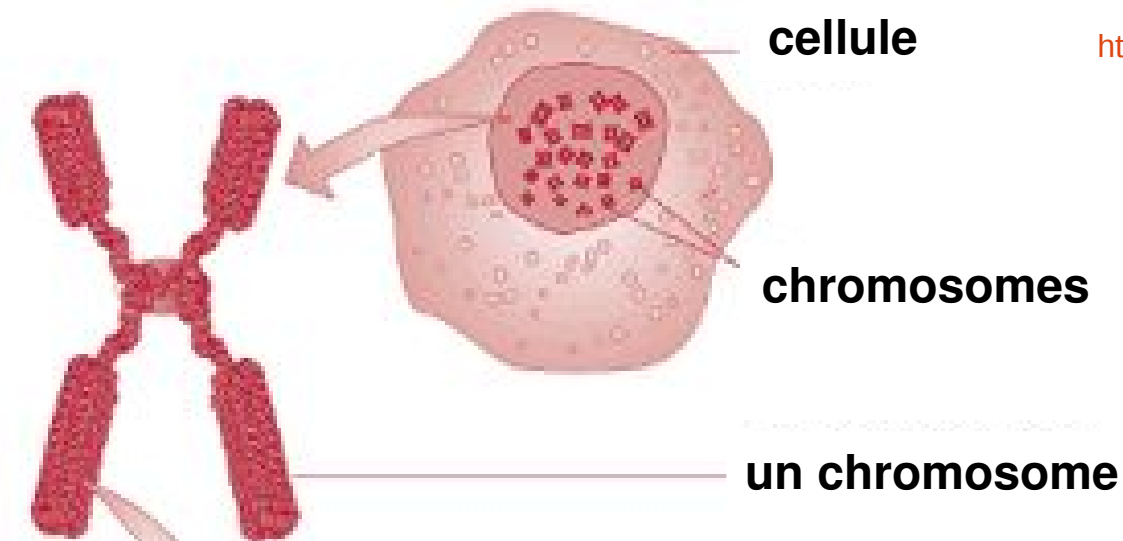


puma.com



chez l'homme





ADN codant



protéines

un acide aminé
↑
3 lettres

ADN non codant

Le code génétique

première lettre

		première lettre					
		U	C	A	G		
deuxième lettre	U	UUU } Phe UUC } UUA } Leu UUG }	UCU } UCC } Ser UCA } UCG }	UAU } Tyr UAC } UAA Stop UAG Stop	UGU } Cys UGC } UGA Stop UGG Trp	U C A G	
	C	CUU } CUC } Leu CUA } CUG }	CCU } CCC } Pro CCA } CCG }	CAU } His CAC } CAA } Gln CAG }	CGU } CGC } Arg CGA } CGG }	U C A G	
	A	AUU } AUC } Ile AUA } AUG Met	ACU } ACC } Thr ACA } ACG }	AAU } Asn AAC } AAA } Lys AAG }	AGU } Ser AGC } AGA } Arg AGG }	U C A G	
	G	GUU } GUC } Val GUA } GUG }	GCU } GCC } Ala GCA } GCG }	GAU } Asp GAC } GAA } Glu GAG }	GGU } GGC } Gly GGA } GGG }	U C A G	

troisième lettre

ADN codant



protéines

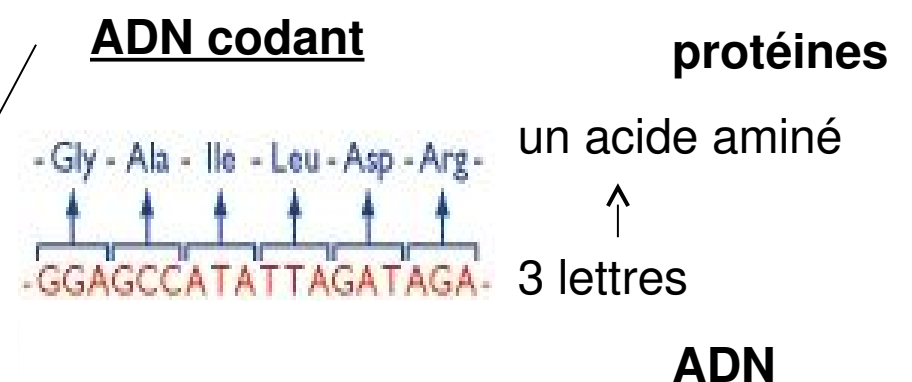
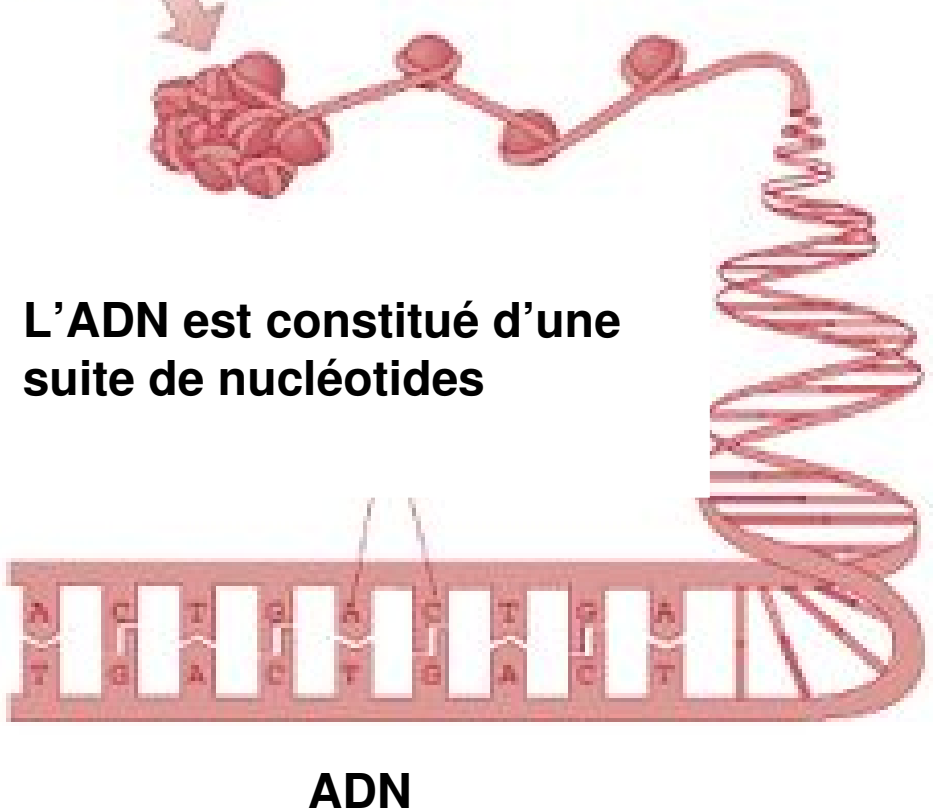
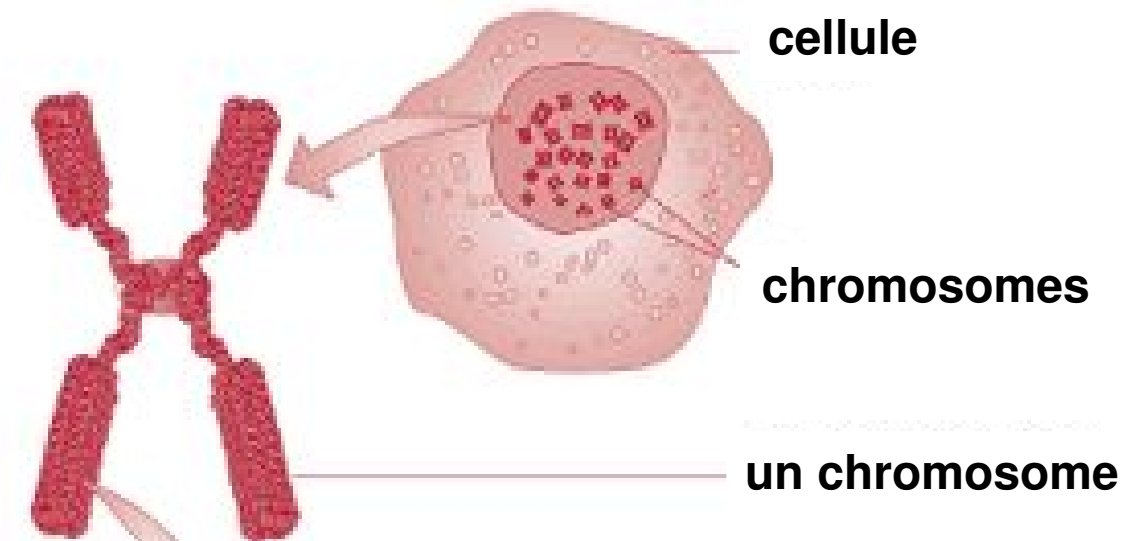
un acide aminé



3 lettres

ADN

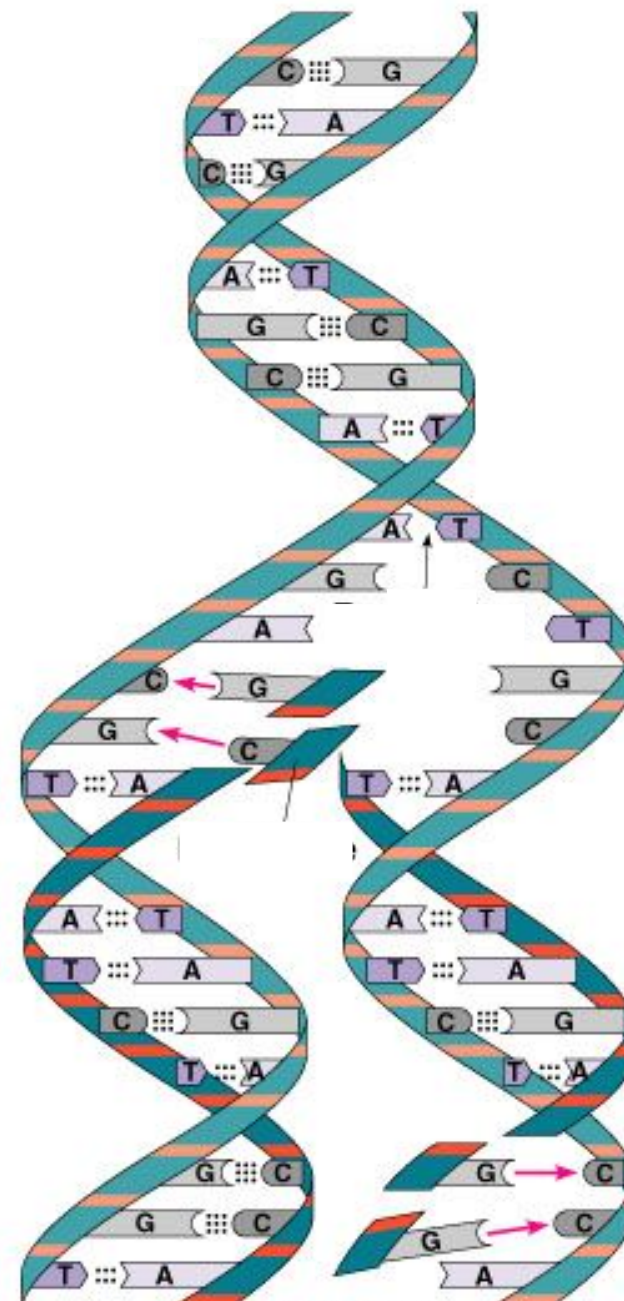
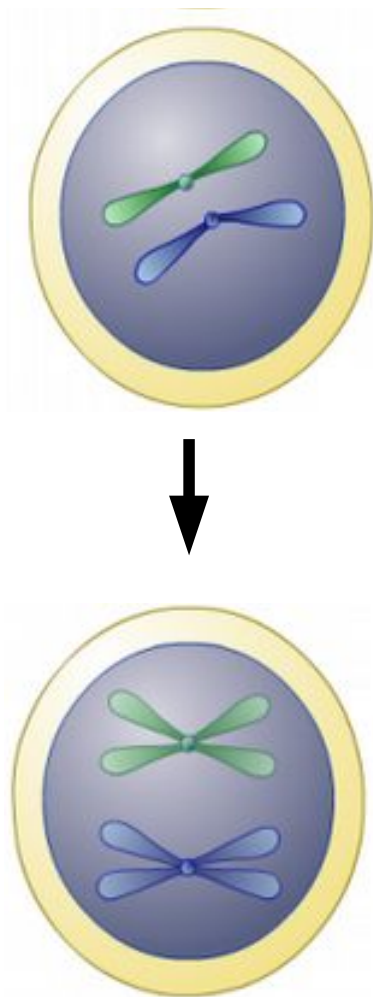
ADN non codant



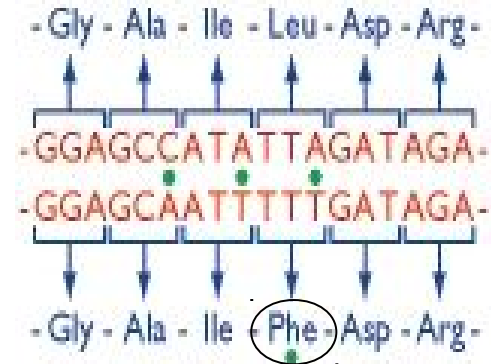
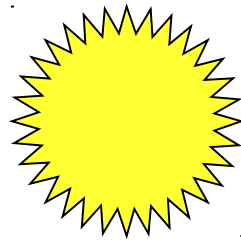
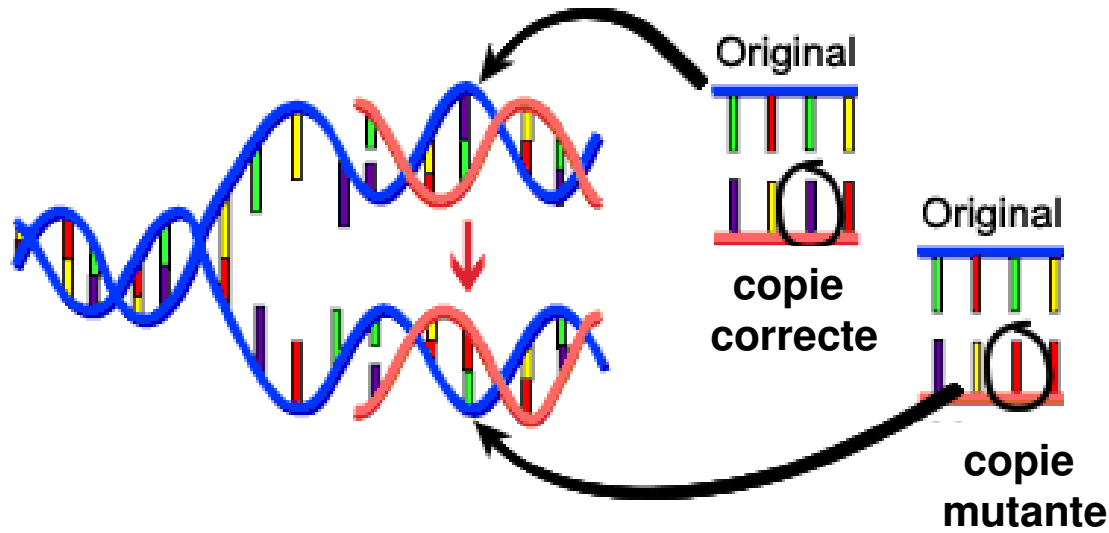
ADN non codant

contrôle de la formation des protéines
maintien de la structure de l'ADN
réplication de l'ADN

La réplication de l'ADN

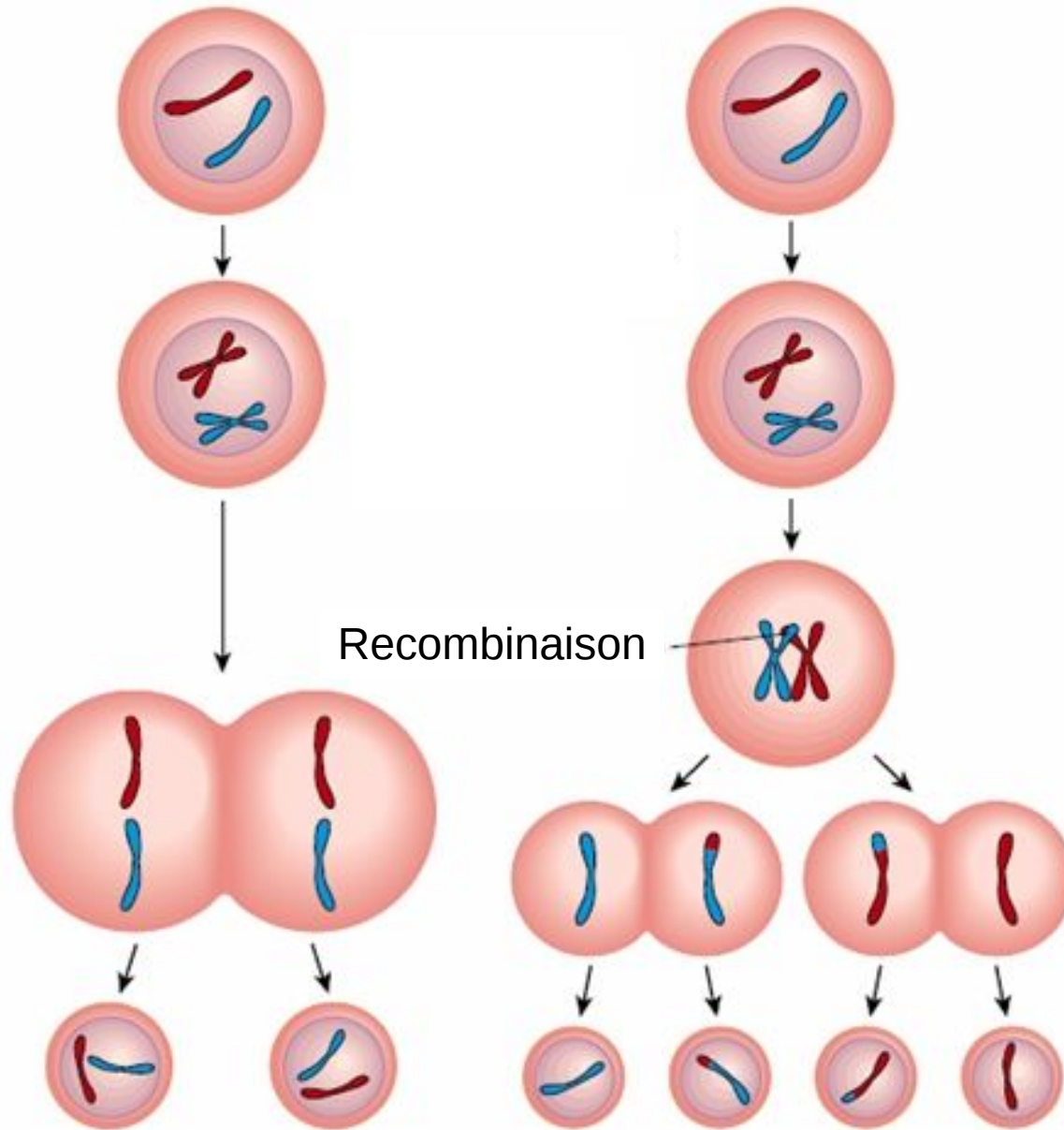


Les mutations



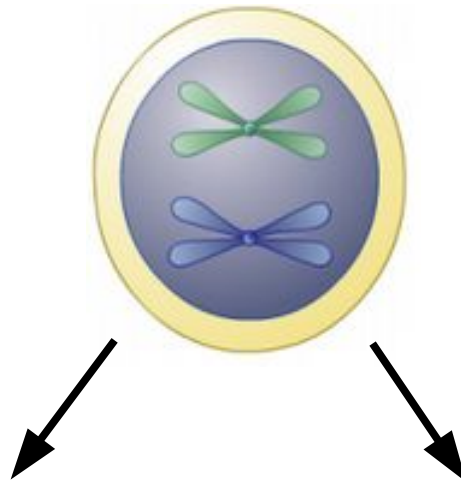
Mitose

Méiose

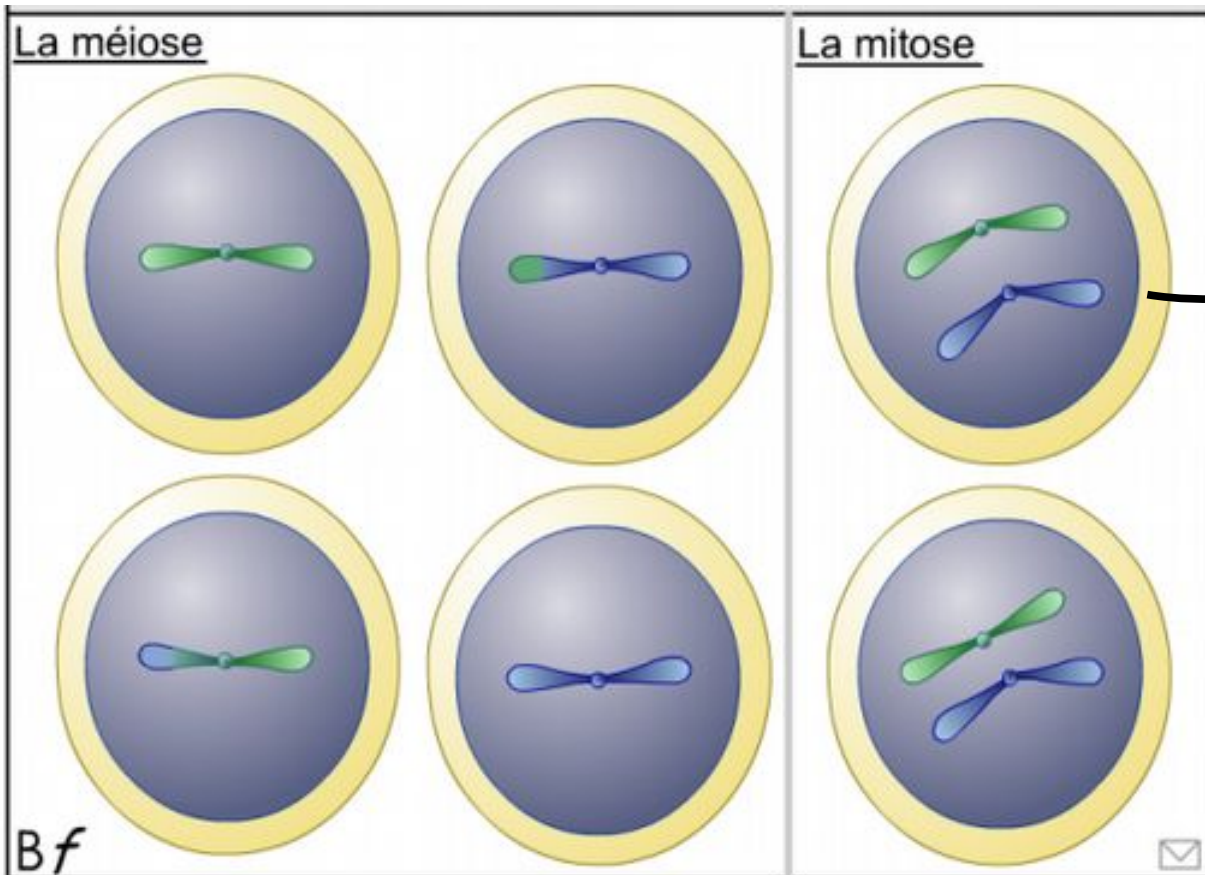


mitose
<http://www.biologieenflash.net/animation.php?ref=bio-0079-2>

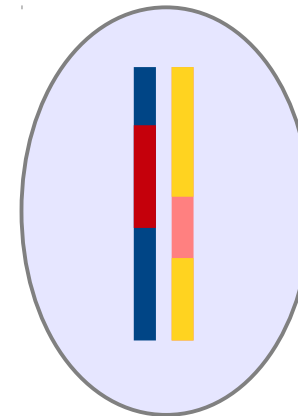
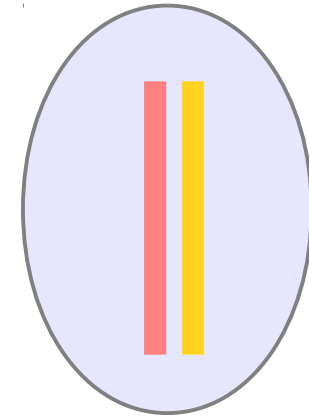
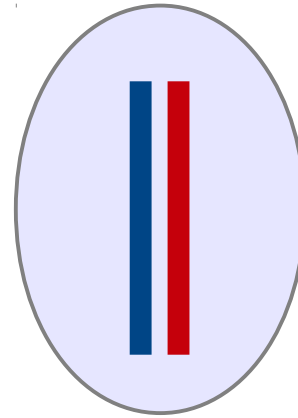
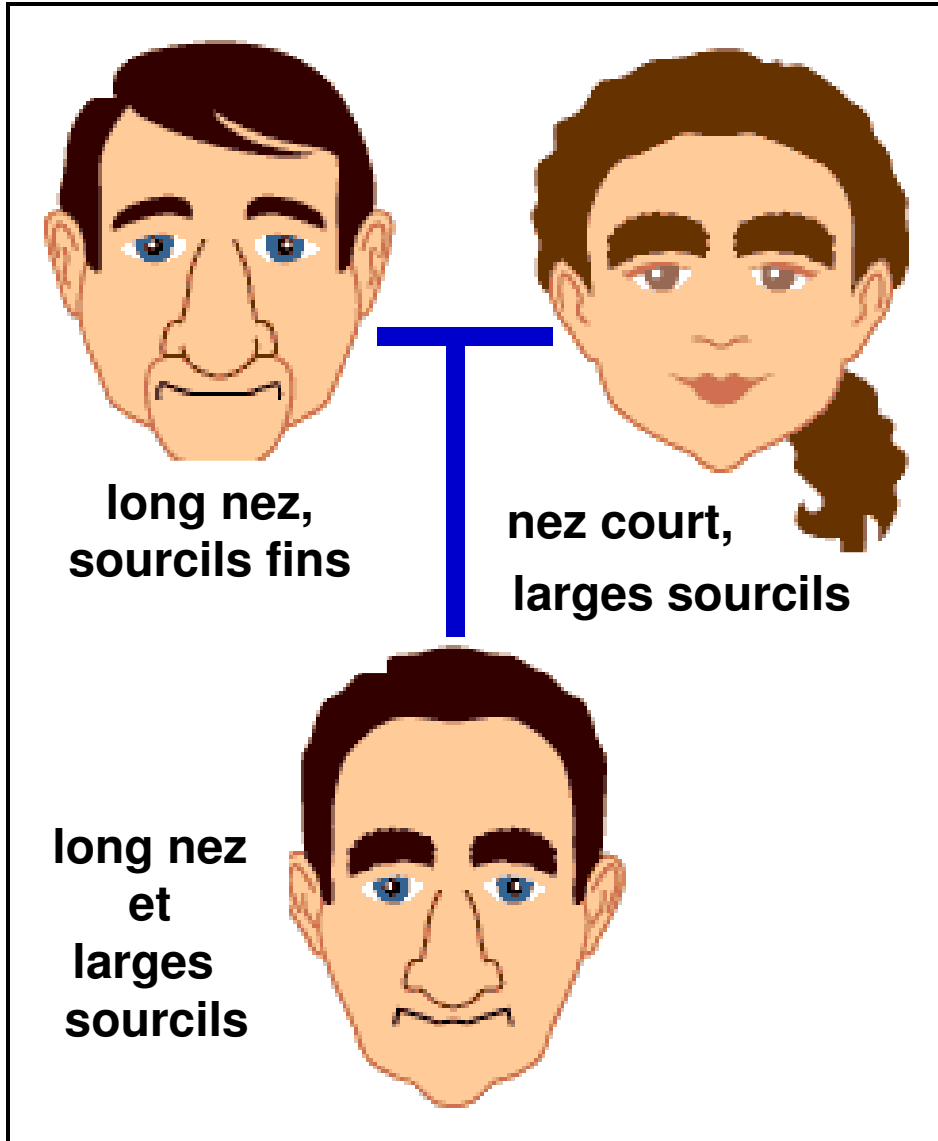
méiose
<http://www.biologieenflash.net/animation.php?ref=bio-0051-2>



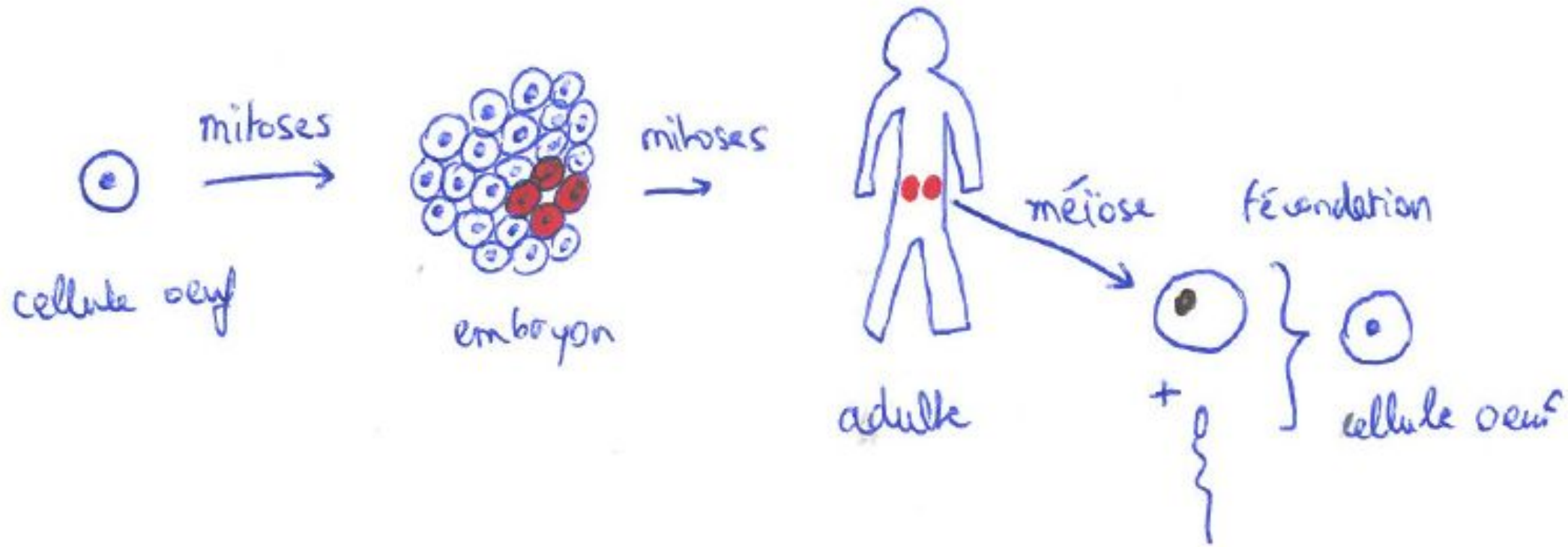
réplication



Assortiment des chromosomes du père et de la mère

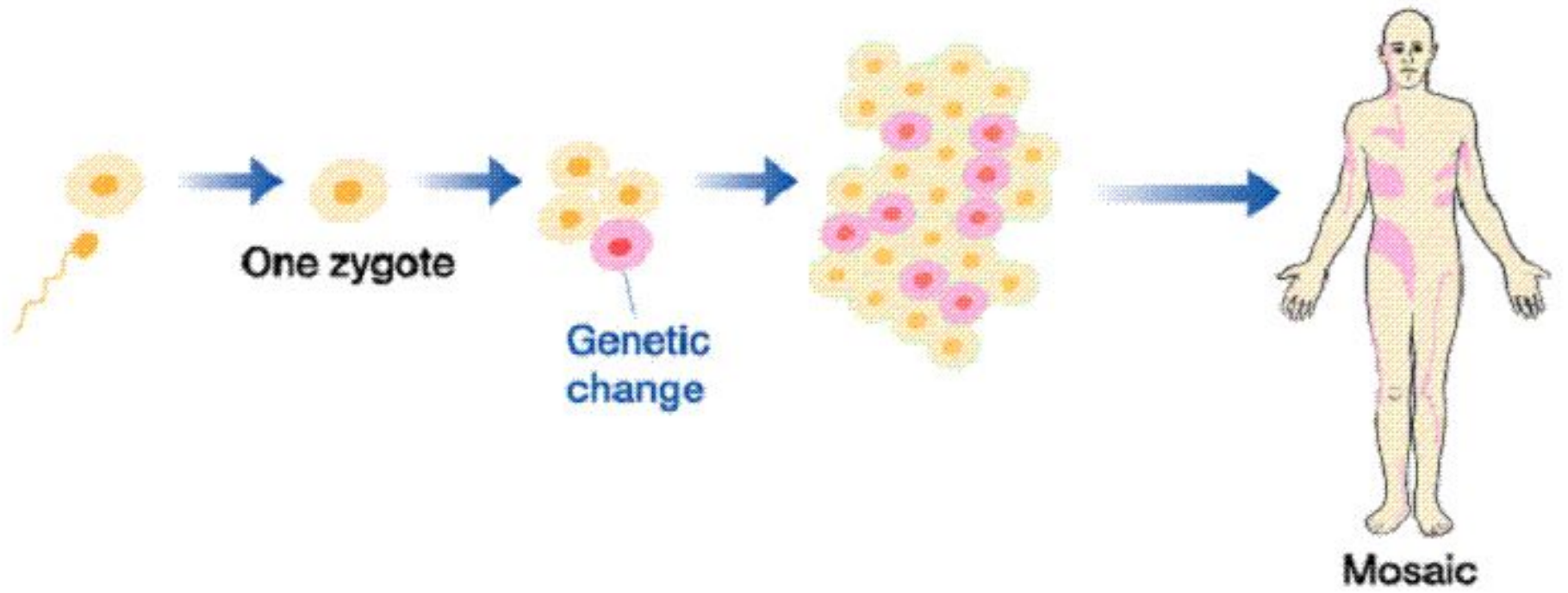


Le génome au cours des générations

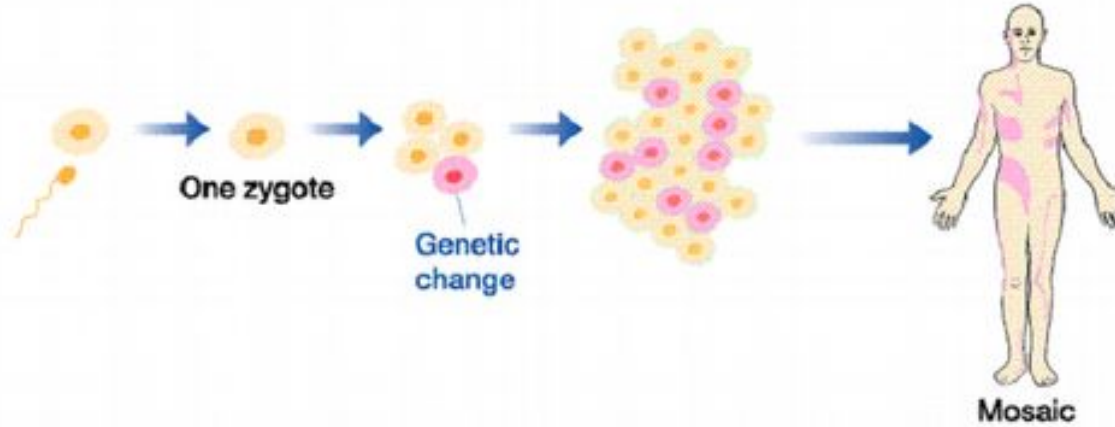


 Lignée germinale

 Lignée somatique

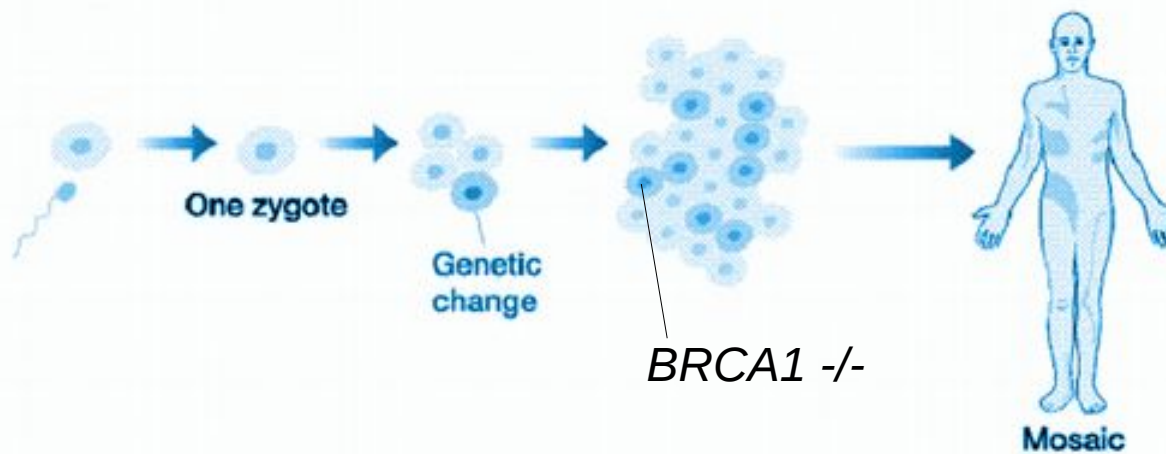


femme
BRCA1 +/+



10% de chance de développer un cancer du sein durant sa vie

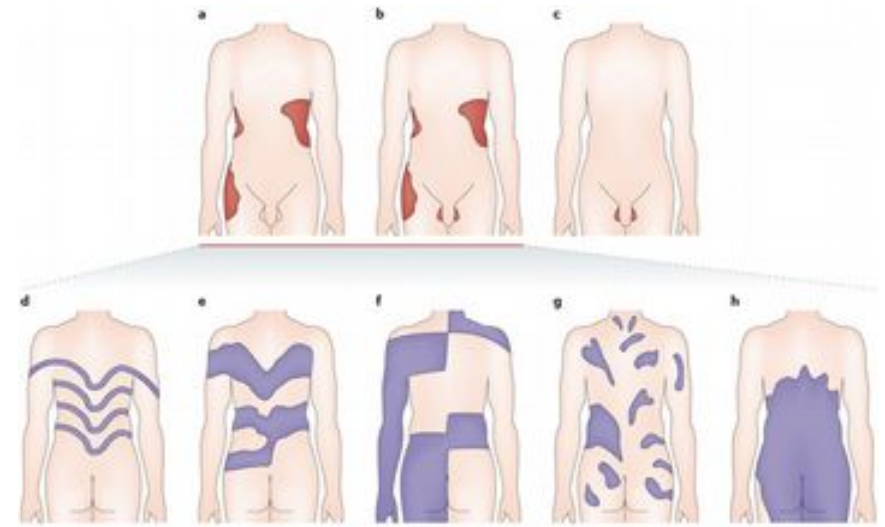
femme
BRCA1 +/-



45% de chance de développer un cancer du sein avant 70 ans
Les cellules de ce cancer sont *BRCA1* -/-

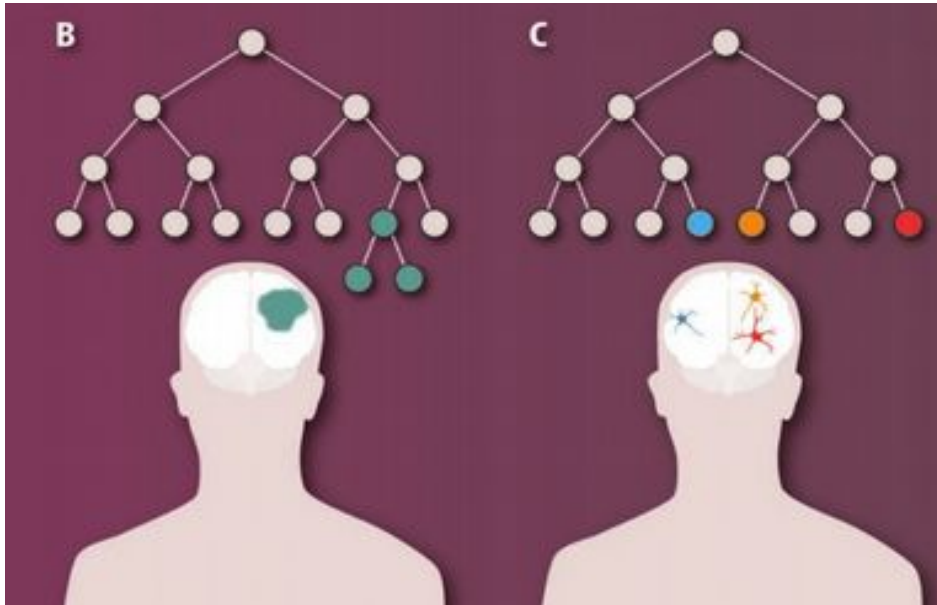
Mosaïque somatique

Dans l'hippocampe et le noyau caudé de 3 individus :
7,743 somatic L1 insertions, 13,692 somatic Alu insertions and 1,350 SVA insertions

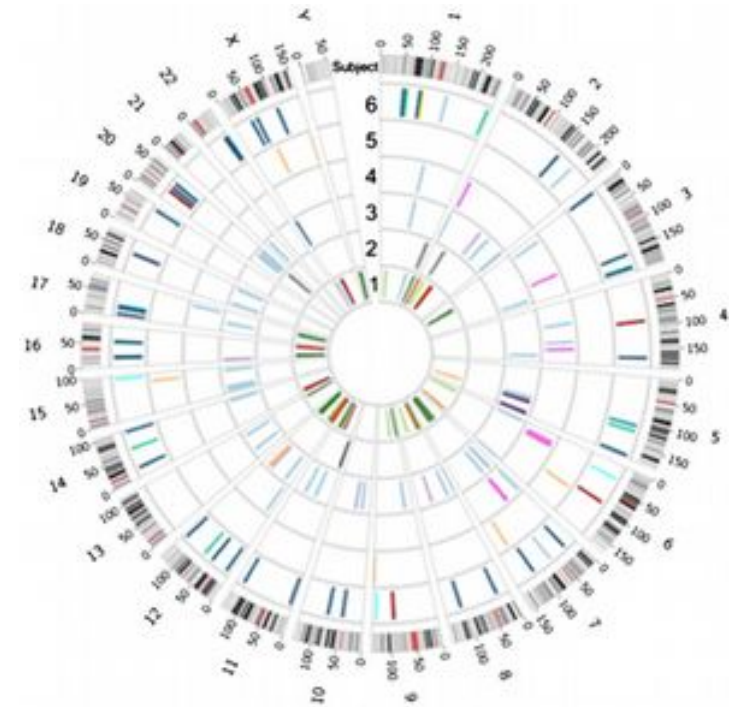


Nature Reviews | Genetics

73 somatic CNVs in 11 tissues of six persons



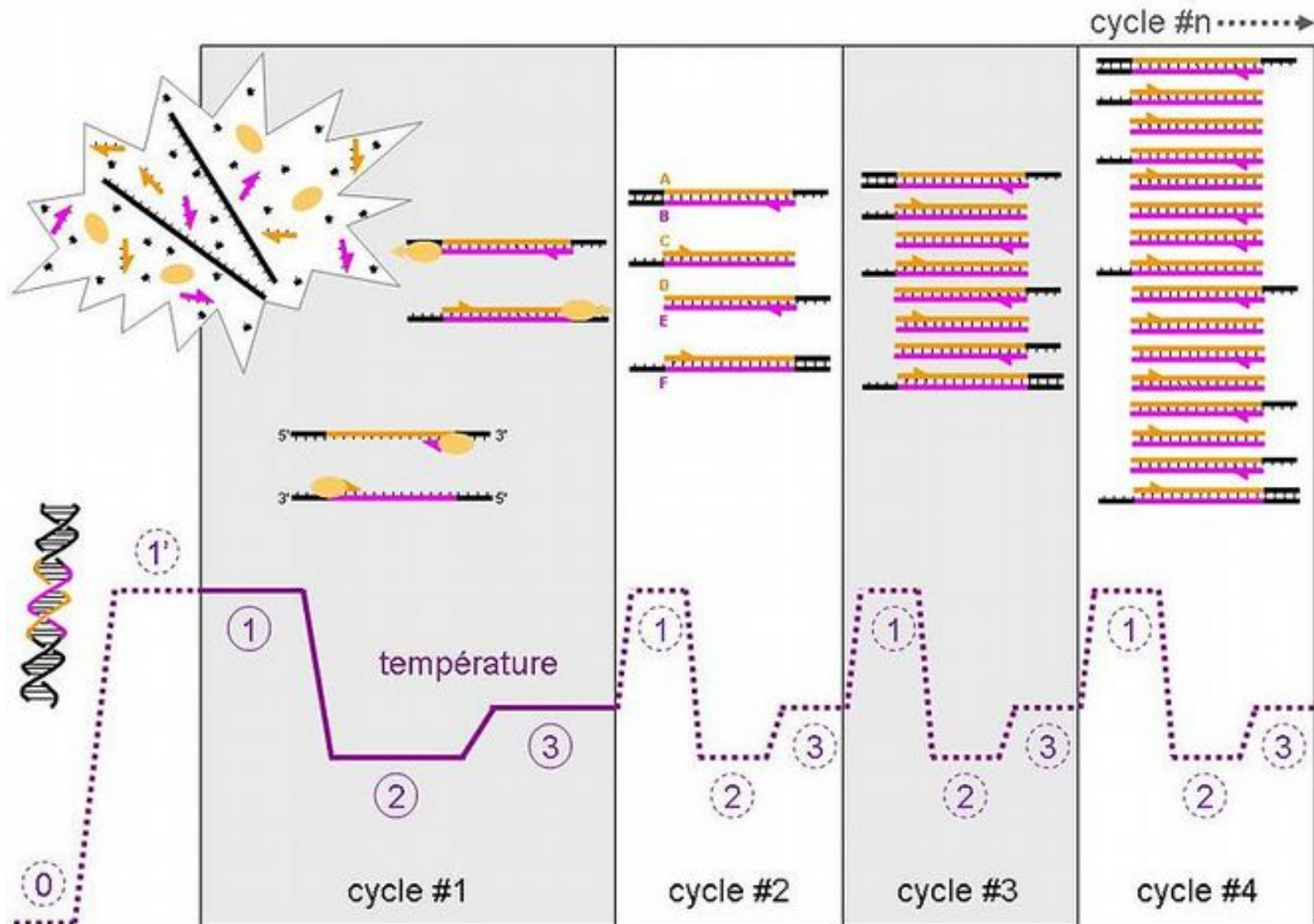
Baillie 2011 Nature



O'Huallachain 2012 PNAS

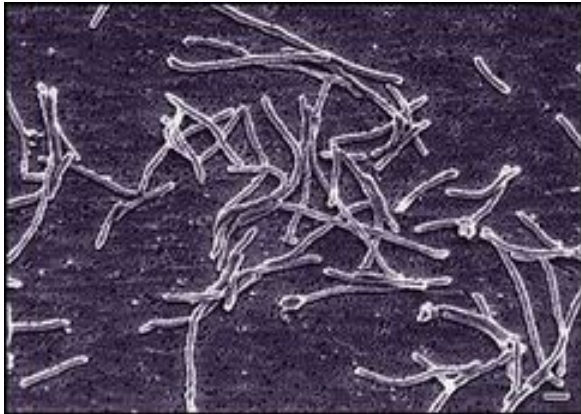
La PCR : pour amplifier une portion d'ADN

réaction en chaîne par polymérase



L'intérêt de la recherche fondamentale

bactéries vivant à proximité des sources d'eaux chaudes (de 50 à 80 °C)



Thermophilus aquaticus



Taq

polymérase

découverte en 1976

utilisée pour la PCR en 1988

Quelques chiffres



Taille du génome : 2,9 Gb = $2,9 \cdot 10^9$ pb

Dans un individu :

~60 nouvelles mutations par rapport à ses parents

(~20 mutations sur le génome de la mère,
~40 sur celui du père

âge du père : ~2 nouvelles mutations par
an)

~20 mutations homozygotes létales
(viabiles à l'état hétérozygote)

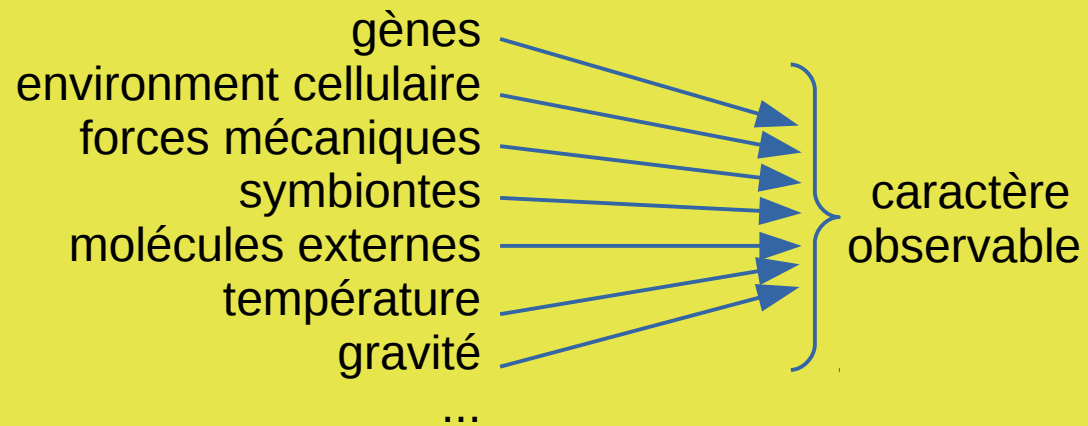
Le génome et le phénotype

Phénotype :

Ensemble des caractères observables d'un individu

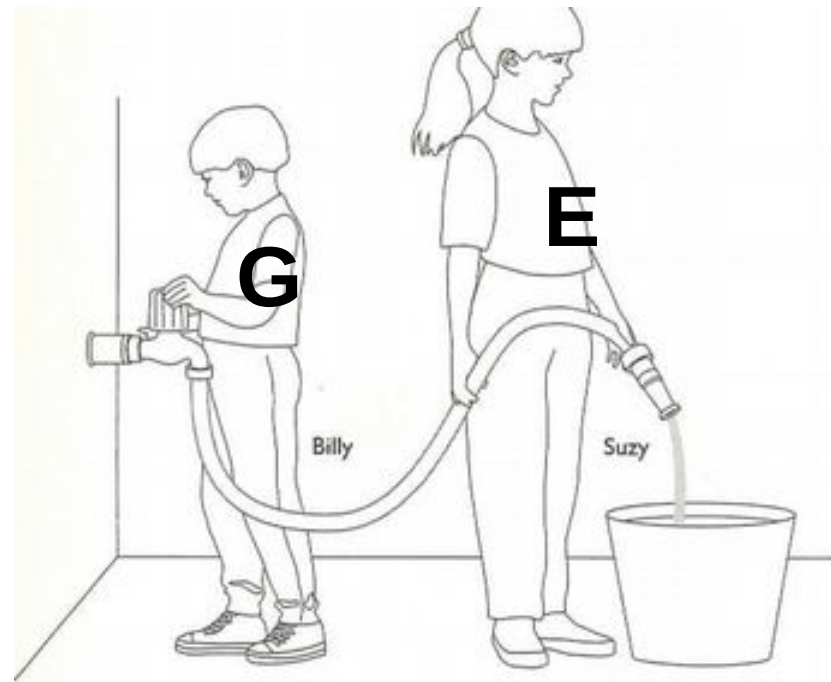
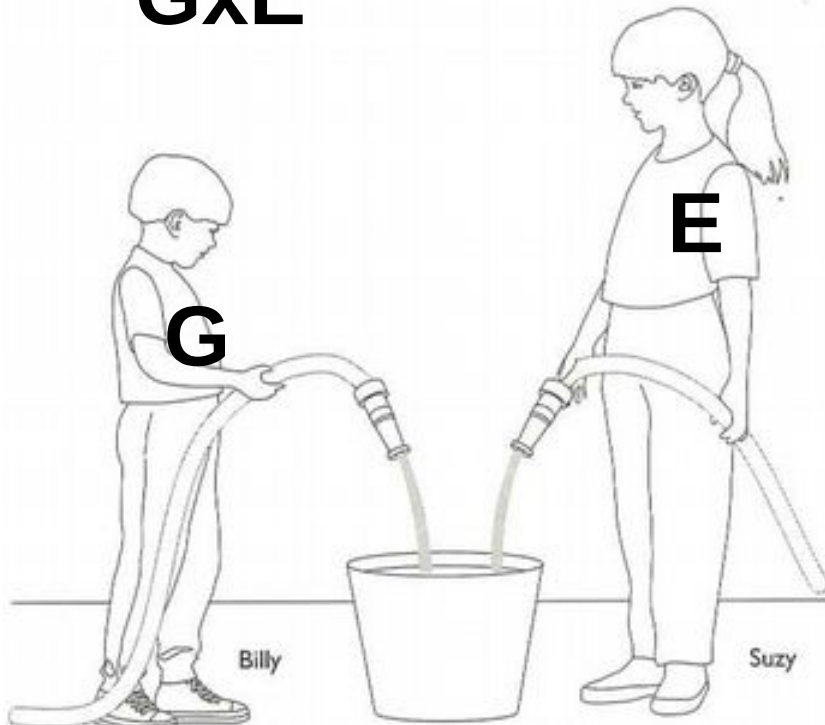


Séparer les diverses causes



GxE

Fox Keller (2010)



La panthère noire



délétion de 48
pb dans le gène
Agouti



La panthère noire

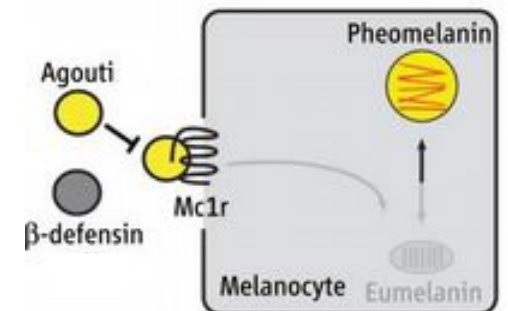
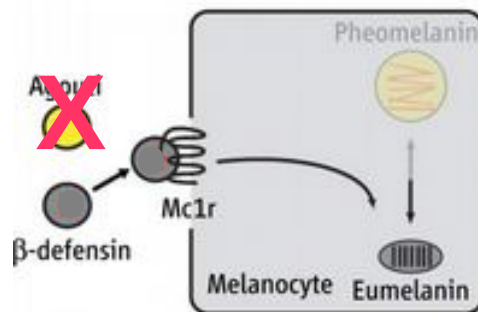
Schneider 2012



Agouti → Couleur du corps



délétion de 48 pb dans le gène *Agouti*



La panthère noire

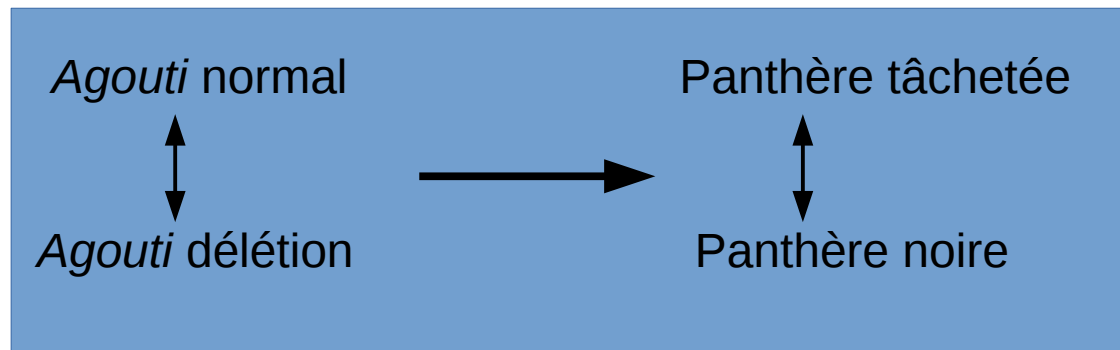
Schneider 2012



Agouti



Couleur du
corps





Fleur sauvage

Linaria vulgaris



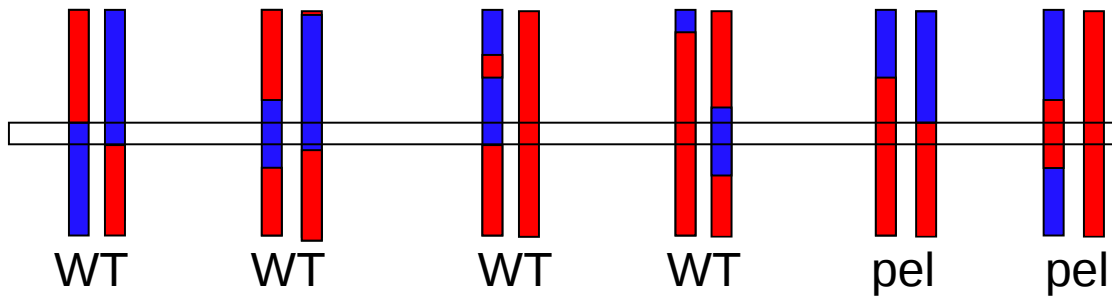
Fleur pélorique



X



X



Cubas 1999 Nature

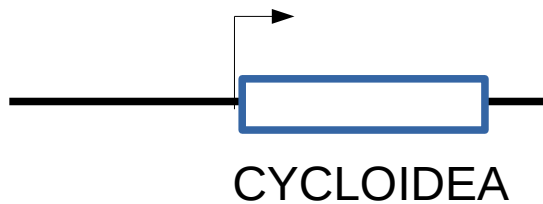
Une épimutation



Fleur sauvage

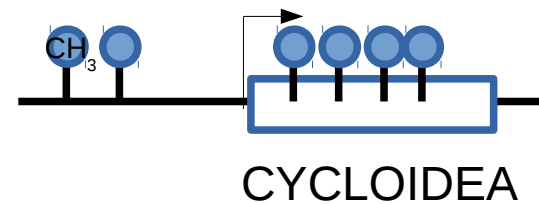


Fleur pélorique



Présence de protéines
CYCLOIDEA

ADN méthylé



Absence de protéines
CYCLOIDEA

Quelles sont les causes des différences ?

Génétique



Epigénétique



Environment



Stochasticité



Transmis

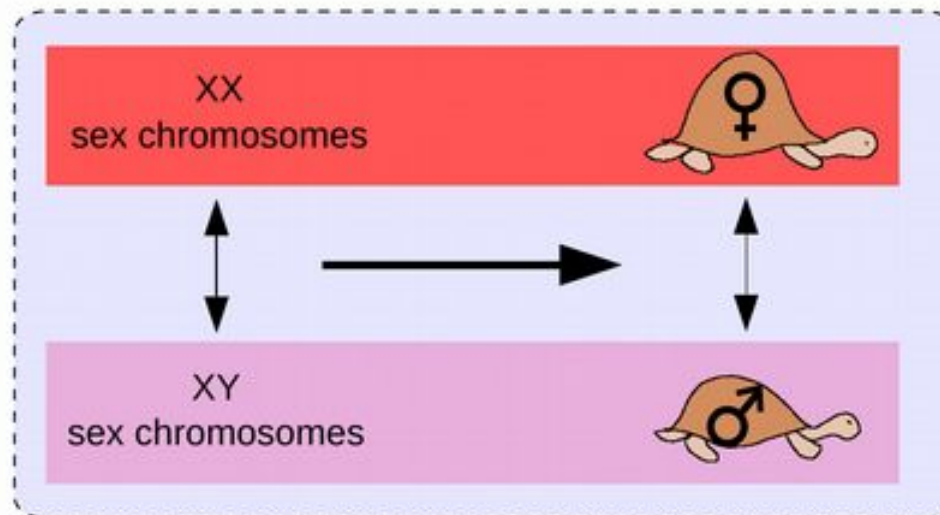
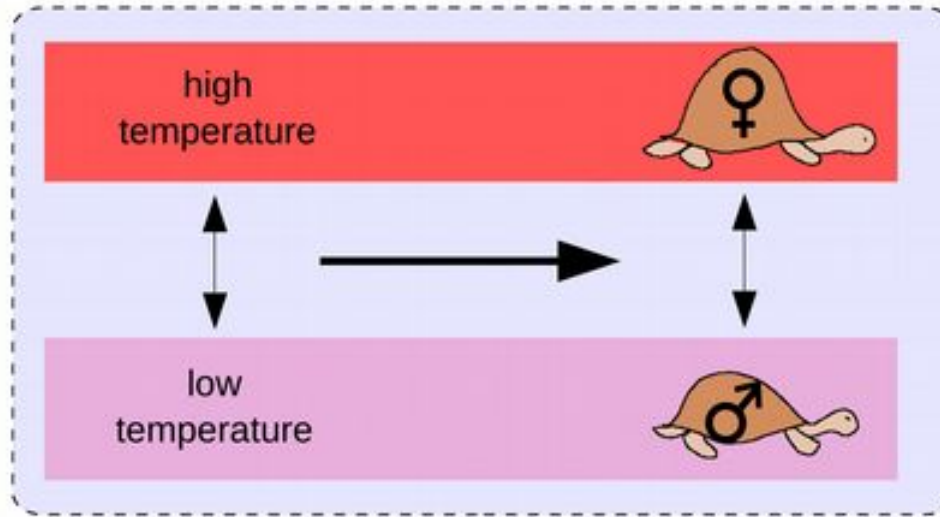
Causes déterministes

Interaction de tous ces paramètres

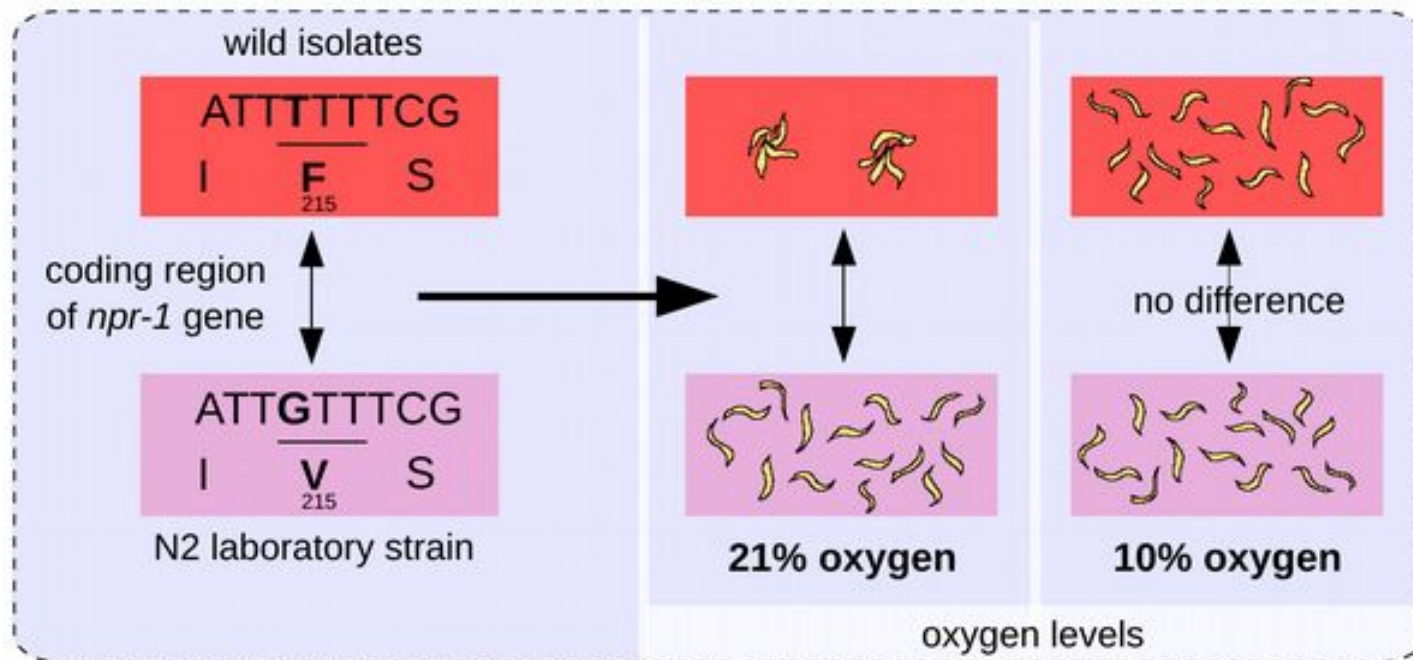
Exemples de caractère stochastique

Fingerprints, eye iris morphology, ear shape, eye photoreceptor distribution, immune system cells, neuron connectivity, olfactory receptor gene expression, X inactivation pattern, organ cell number and size (left versus right), freckles, gait, arms crossing, voice, heart beat, brain waves

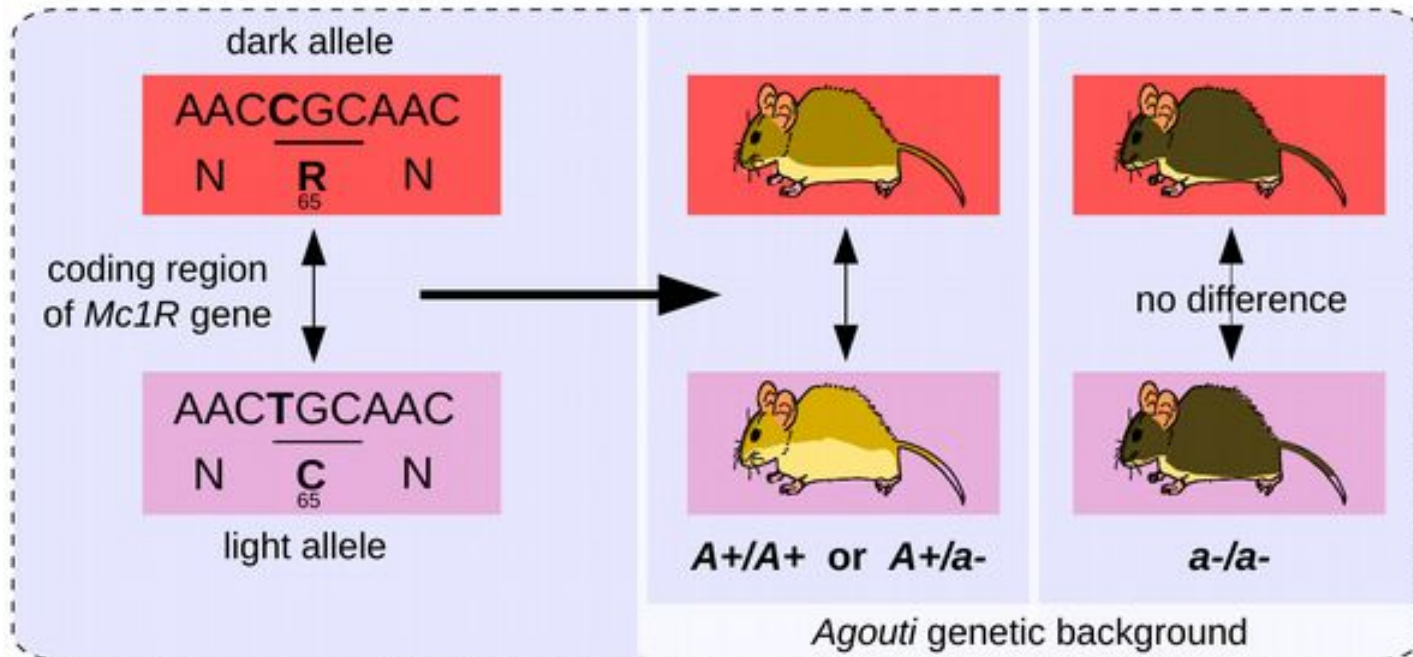
Comparaison environnement - génétique



A GxE interaction



B GxG interaction

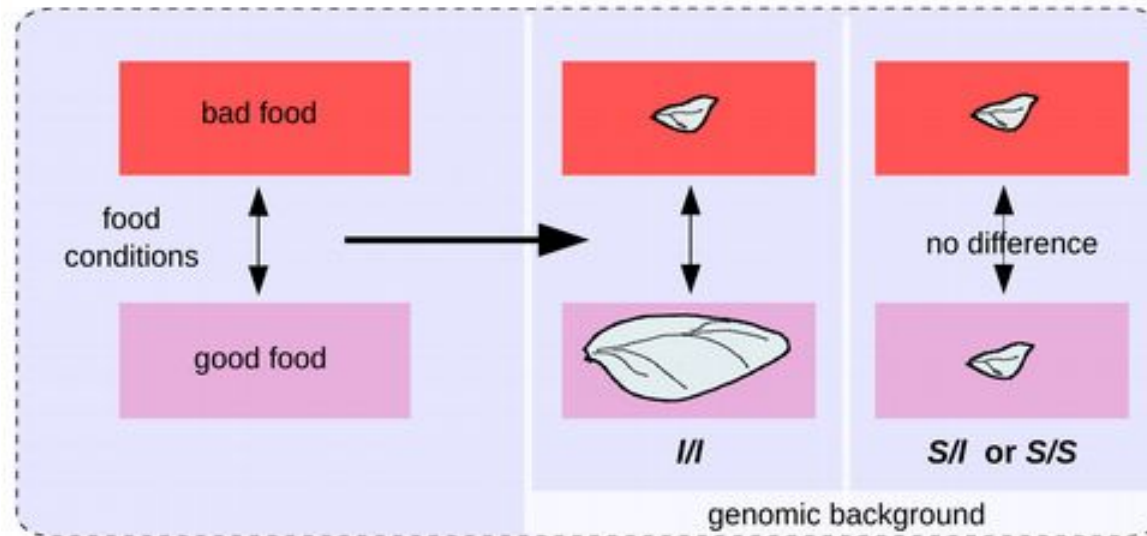


Effets mélangés de G et E

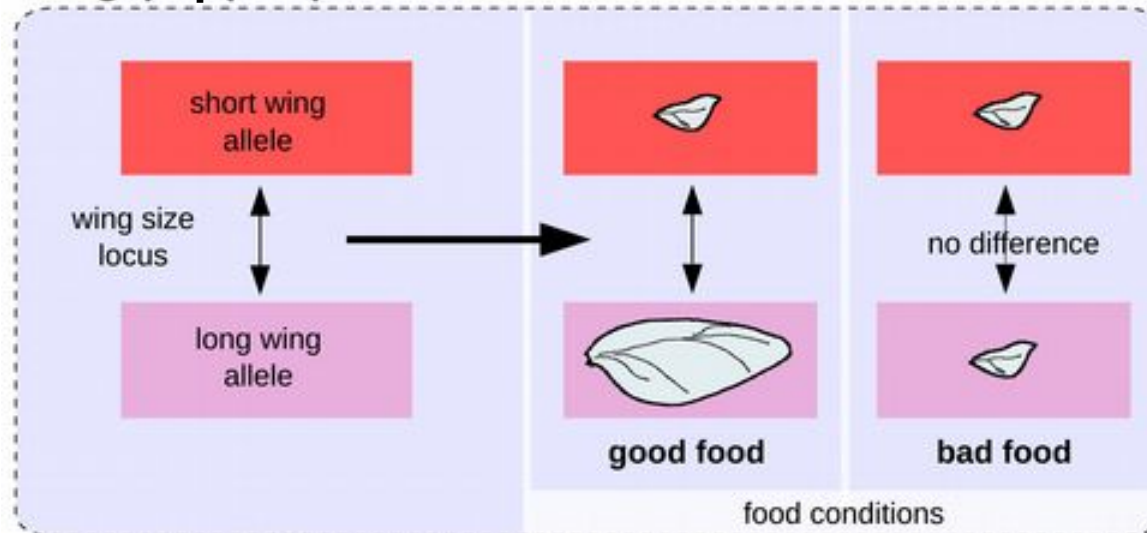
Calathus melanocephalus



D'après E



D'après G



Echange de bactéries symbiotiques entre organismes



Firmicutes
Bacteoidetes

Firmicutes
Bacteoidetes

Quelles sont les causes des différences ?

Génétique

Epigénétique

Environment

Stochasticité



Transmis

Causes déterministes

Interaction de tous ces paramètres

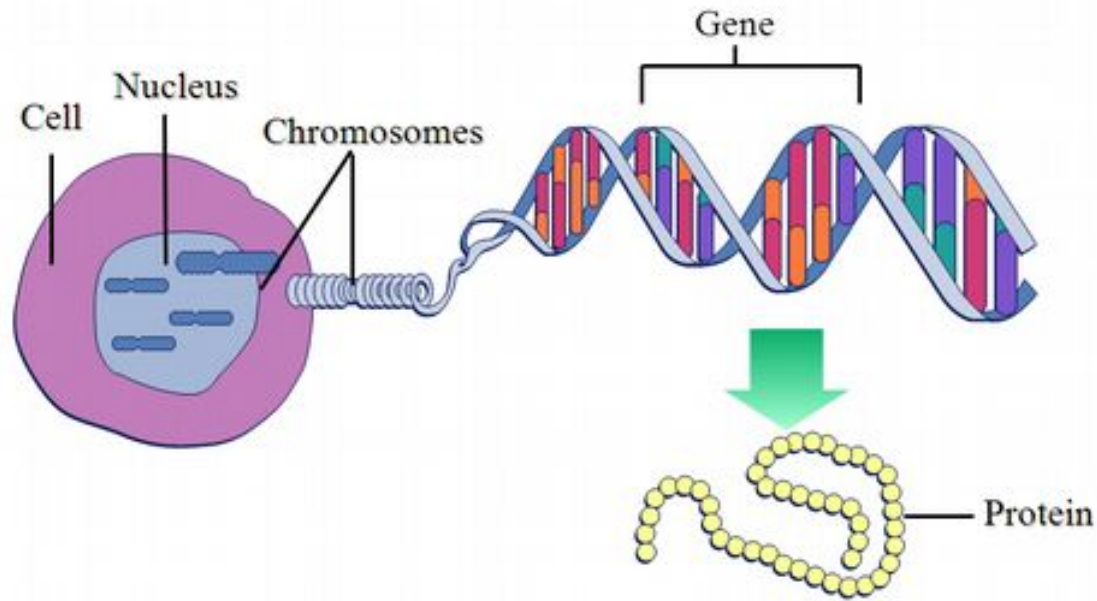
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Comparaison de génomes

Entre individus
Entre espèces

Nombre de gènes dans le génome humain ?



The gene number *game*: Genesweep[®]
(started in Cold Spring Harbor, 1998)

Bets: 281
Median: 61,302
Lowest: 25,947
Highest: 212,278
Pot: 1,200 US Dollars

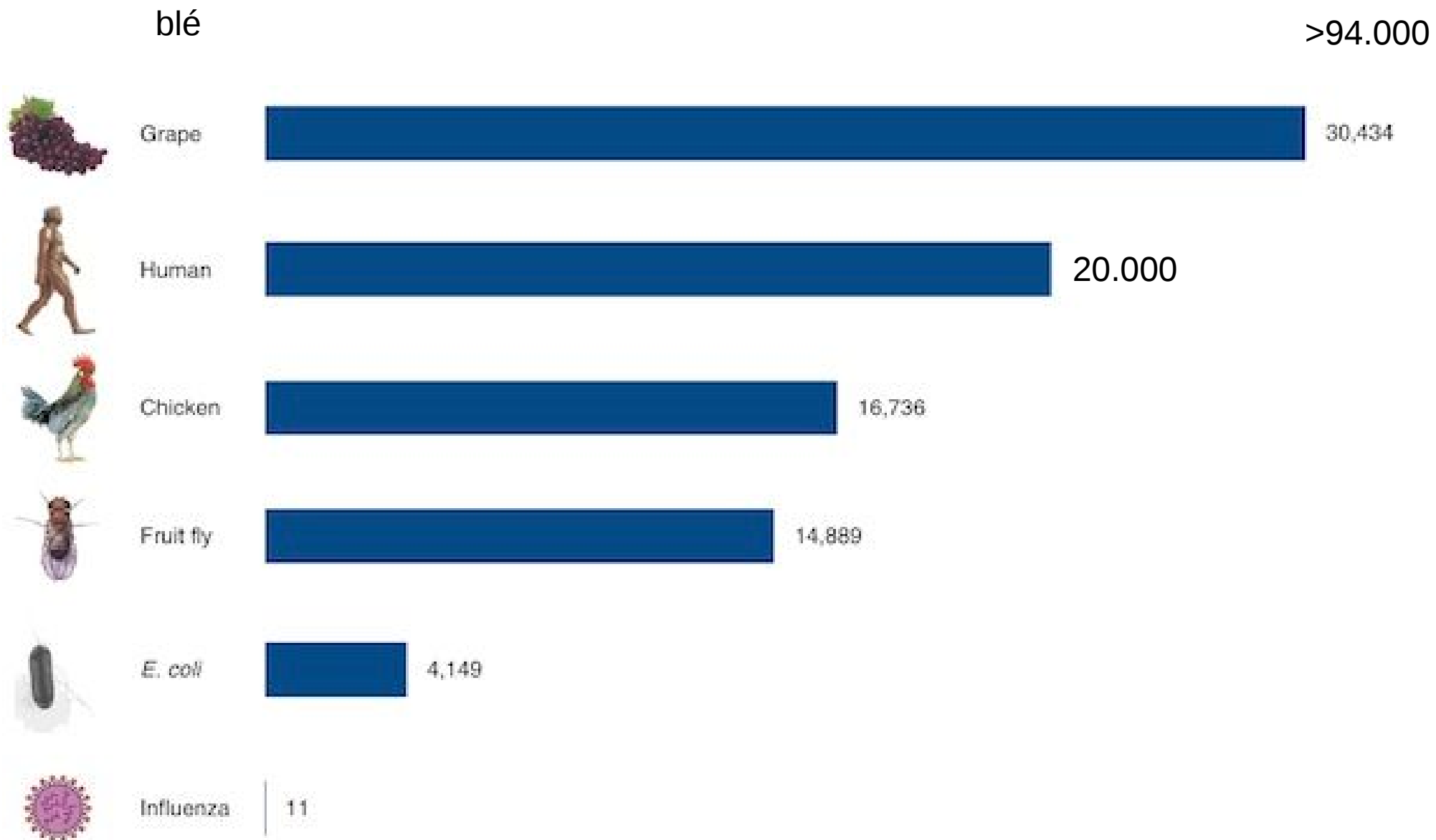


Run by a Eton high-school boy called Ewan Birney.
His guess was was in the very high range!

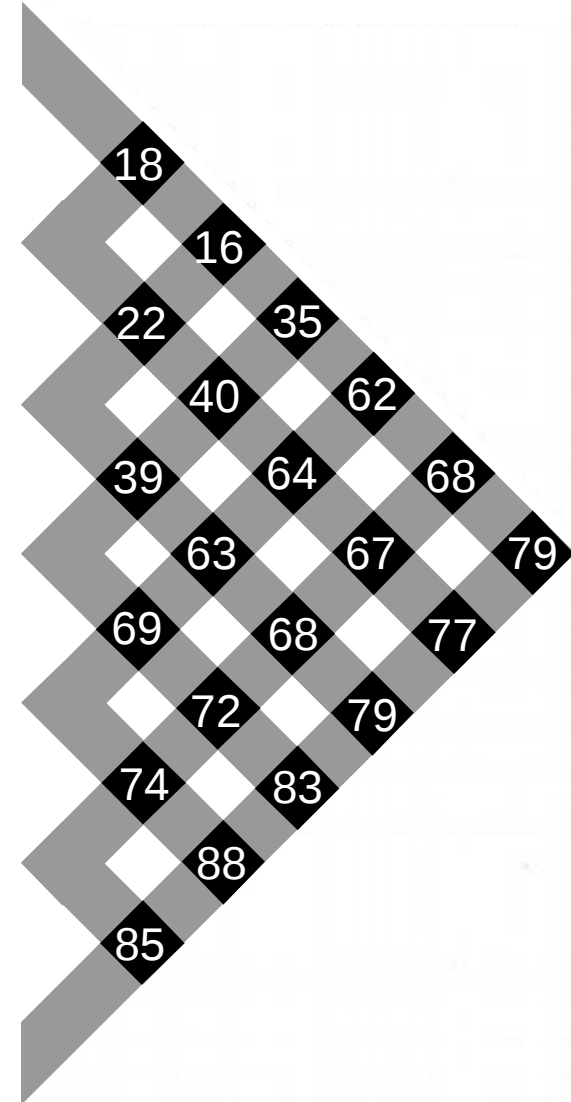
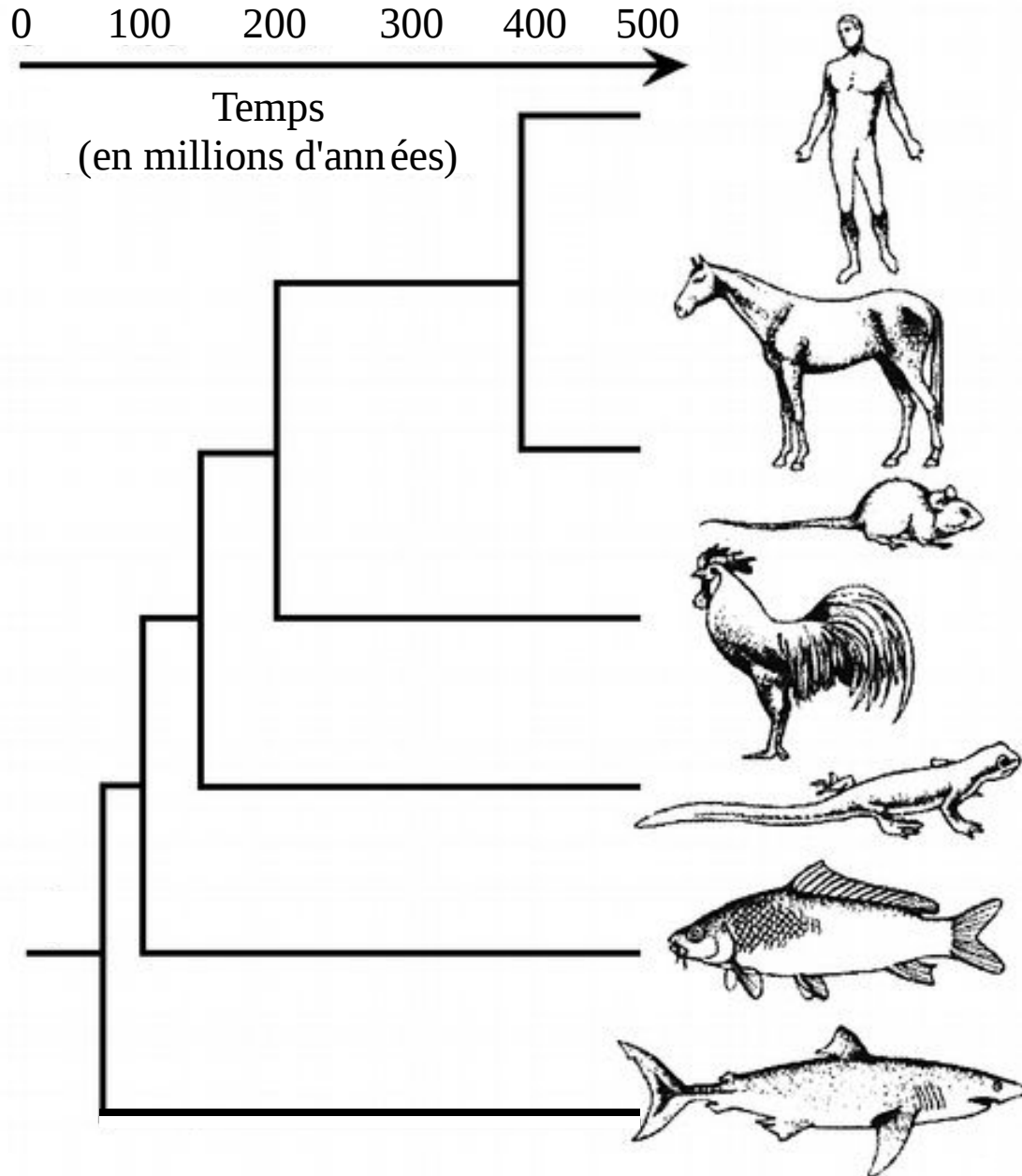
2004 :
séquence du génome humain
3.8 milliards de dollars



Nombre de gènes et complexité phénotypique



Les arbres phylogénétiques





99.4% human?

Banners by www.zephyr-tvc.com

Qu'est-ce qui caractérise les humains ?

~~Très grand nombre de gènes~~

Autre propriété de notre génome ?

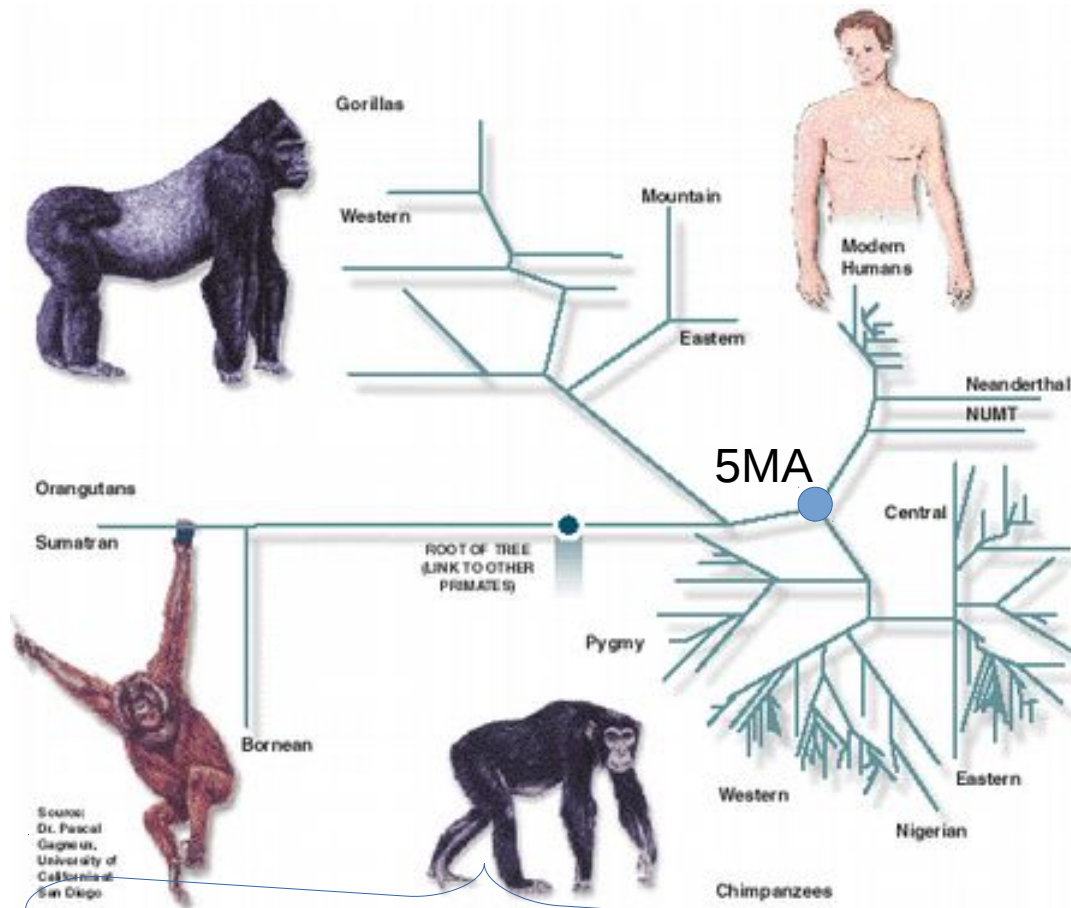
Régions cis-régulatrices, ADN poubelle, épissage alternatif, modifications post-transcriptionnelles des protéines, nouveaux gènes, petits ARN, éléments transposables, pseudogènes actifs...

Facteurs non génétiques ?

environnement, culture, communauté bactérienne, GxE

Humains pas si spéciaux ?

L'homme et les autres primates



Taille du génome : $2,9 \text{ Gb} = 2,9 \cdot 10^9 \text{ pb}$

Différence entre deux humains

~0.1%

Différence entre homme et chimpanzé

~5% (~1% for coding sequences)

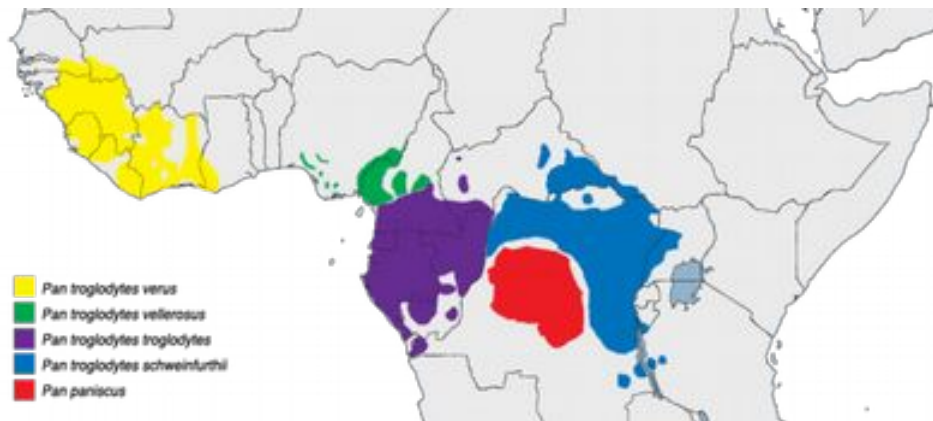
Différence entre homme et Néanderthal

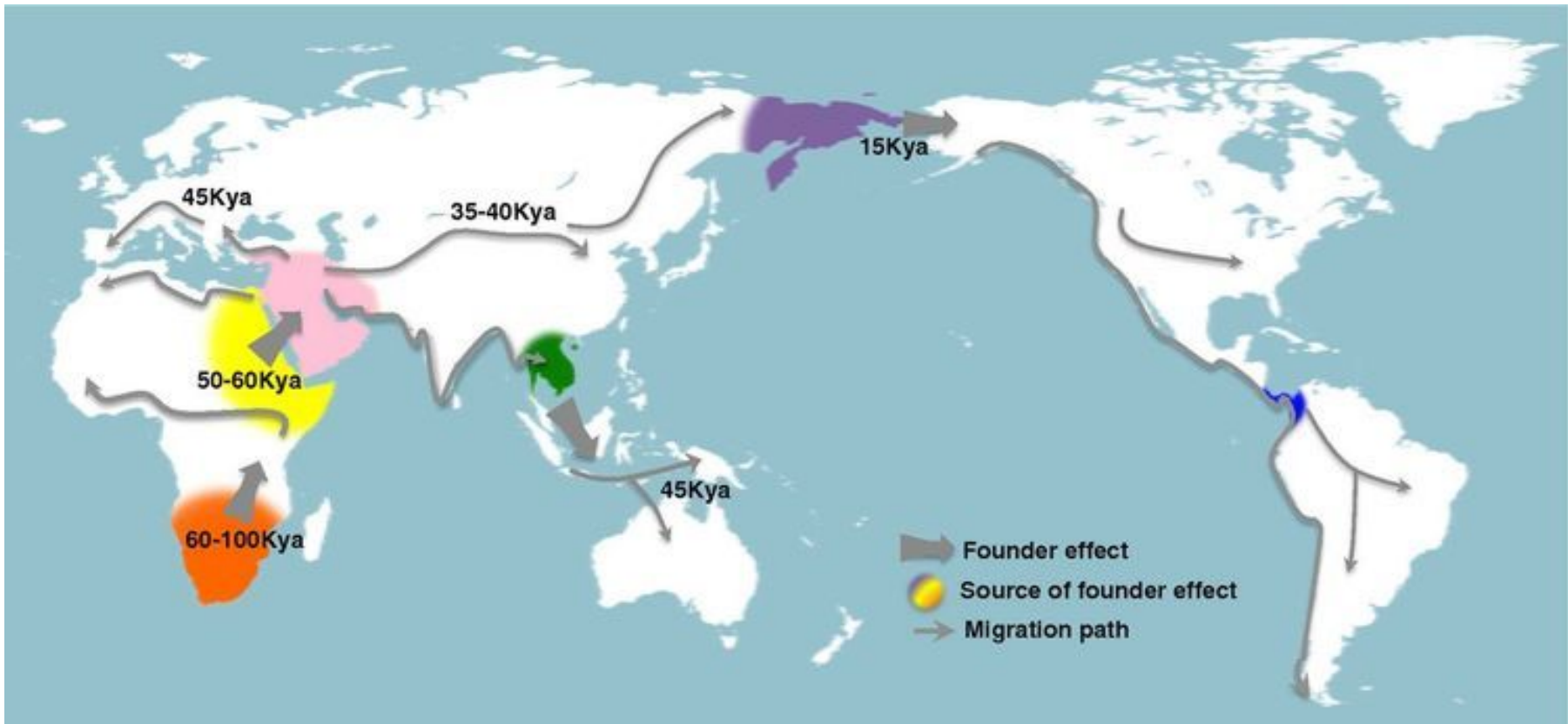
~0.13%

Différence entre deux chimpanzés

<250,000 chimpanzees, <110,000 gorillas,

<60,000 orangutans, and <50,000 bonobos

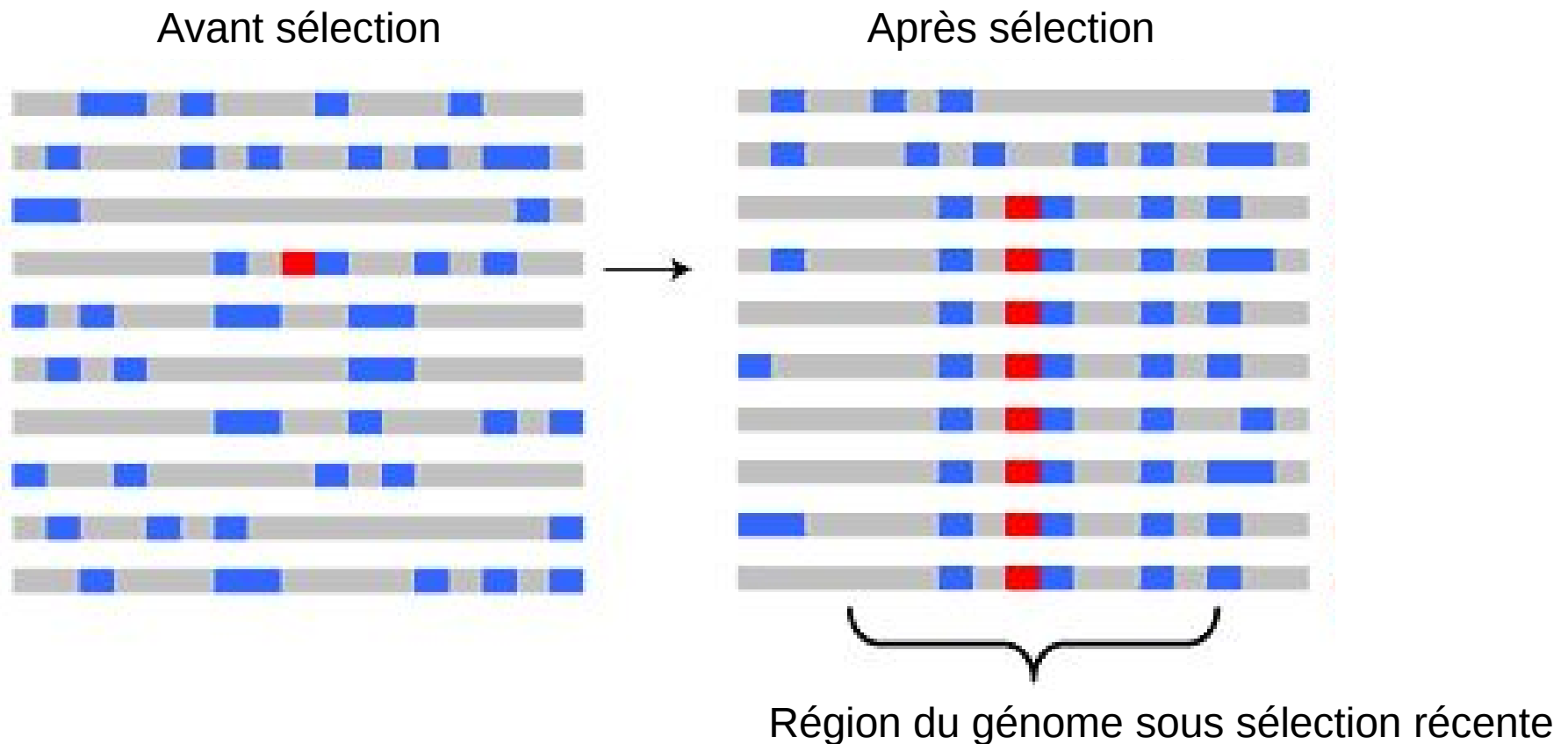




Afrique:
Plus grande diversité génétique

Séquences de Néanderthal: ~1-4% de notre génome, partout sauf en Afrique

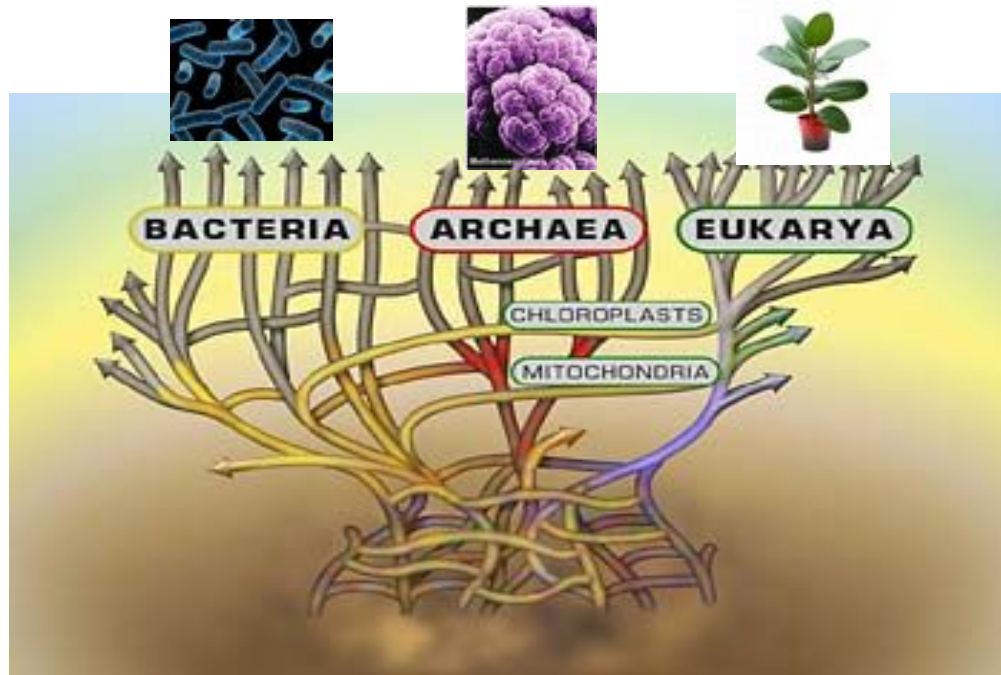
Des événements de sélection récente laissent des traces dans les génomes



Ex: *CCR5-Δ32* et résistance au VIH

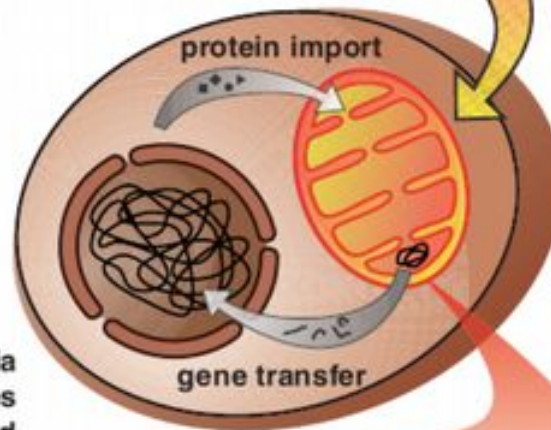
Echanges de portions de génomes

Les mitochondries et les chloroplastes

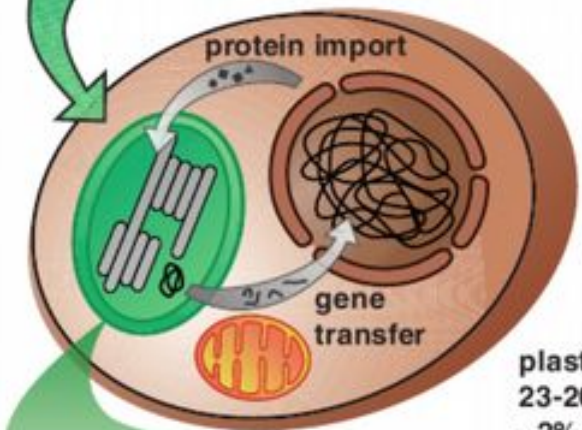


ancestor of mitochondria
~ 5,000 genes

ancestor of plastids
~ 5,000 genes



mitochondria
3-67 genes
~1% retained



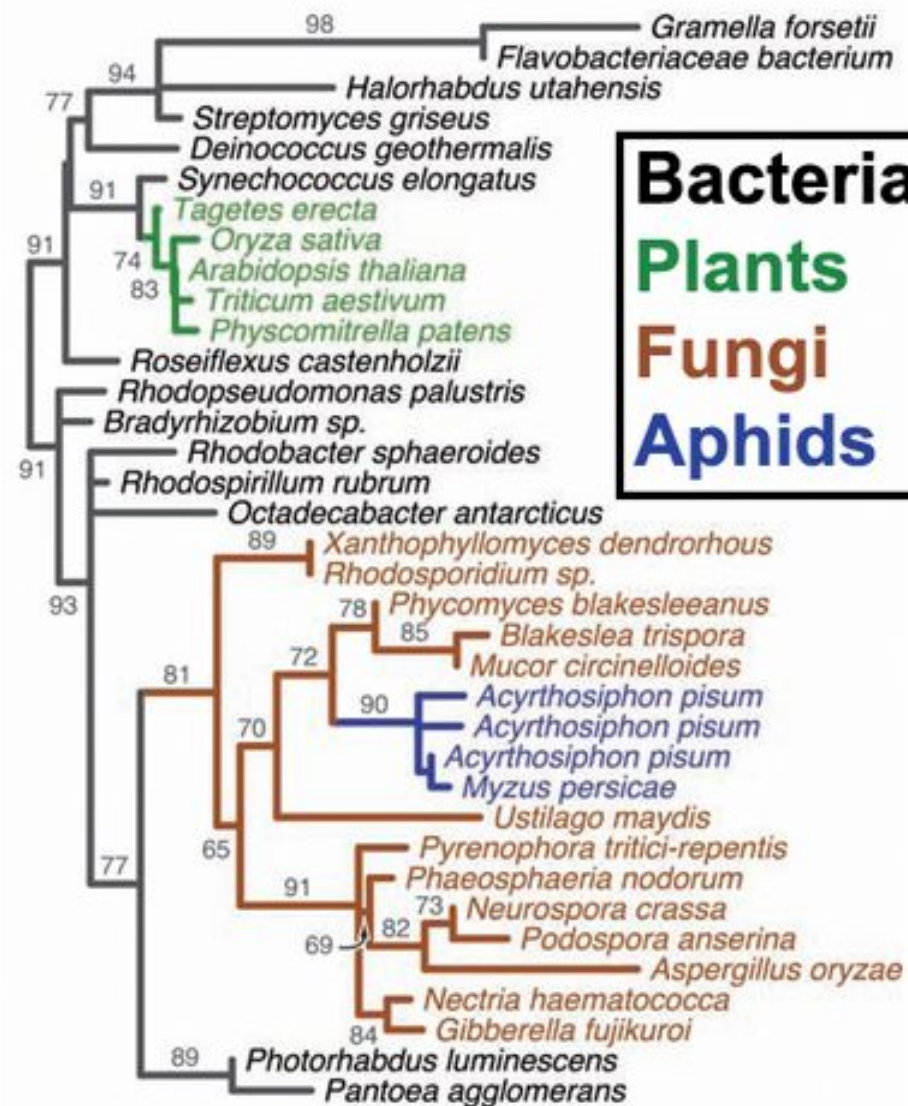
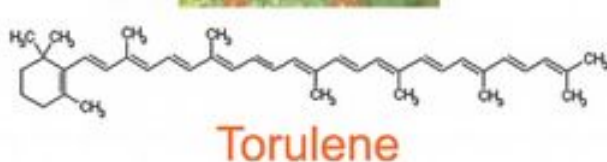
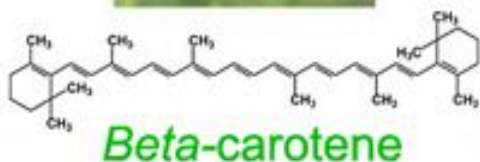
plastids
23-200 genes
~2% retained

Plagiarisme génétique chez les pucerons

Green morph



Red morph

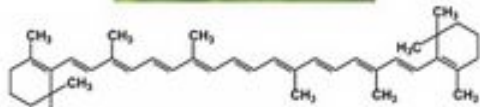


Plagiarisme génétique chez les pucerons

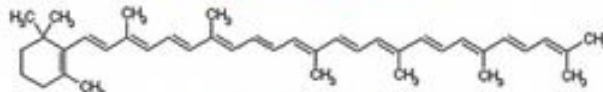
Green morph



Red morph



Beta-carotene

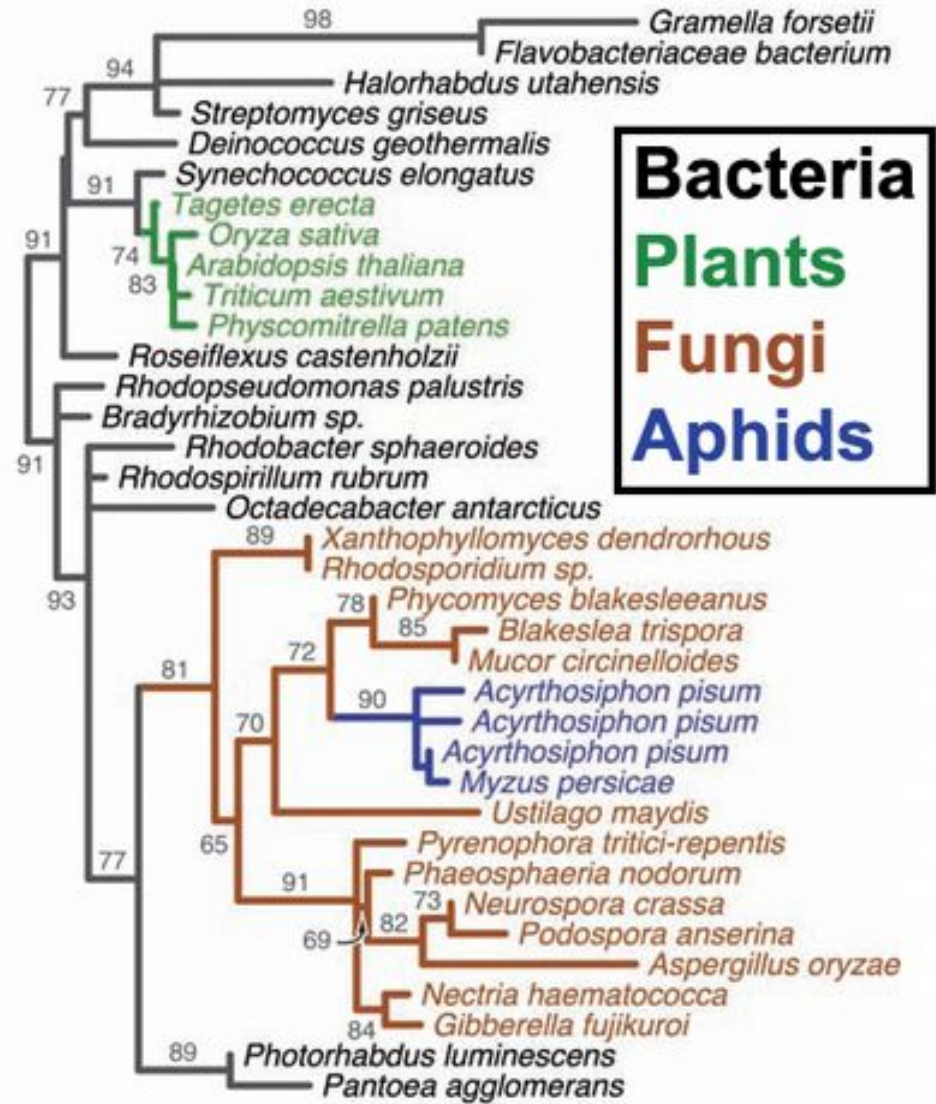


Torulene

Des champignons aux acariens d'araignée (Altincicek 2012)



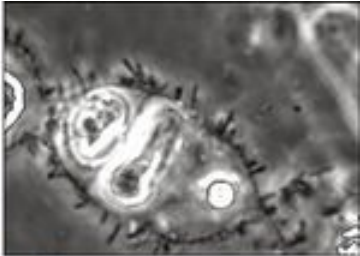
Des champignons aux moucheron (Cobbs 2013)



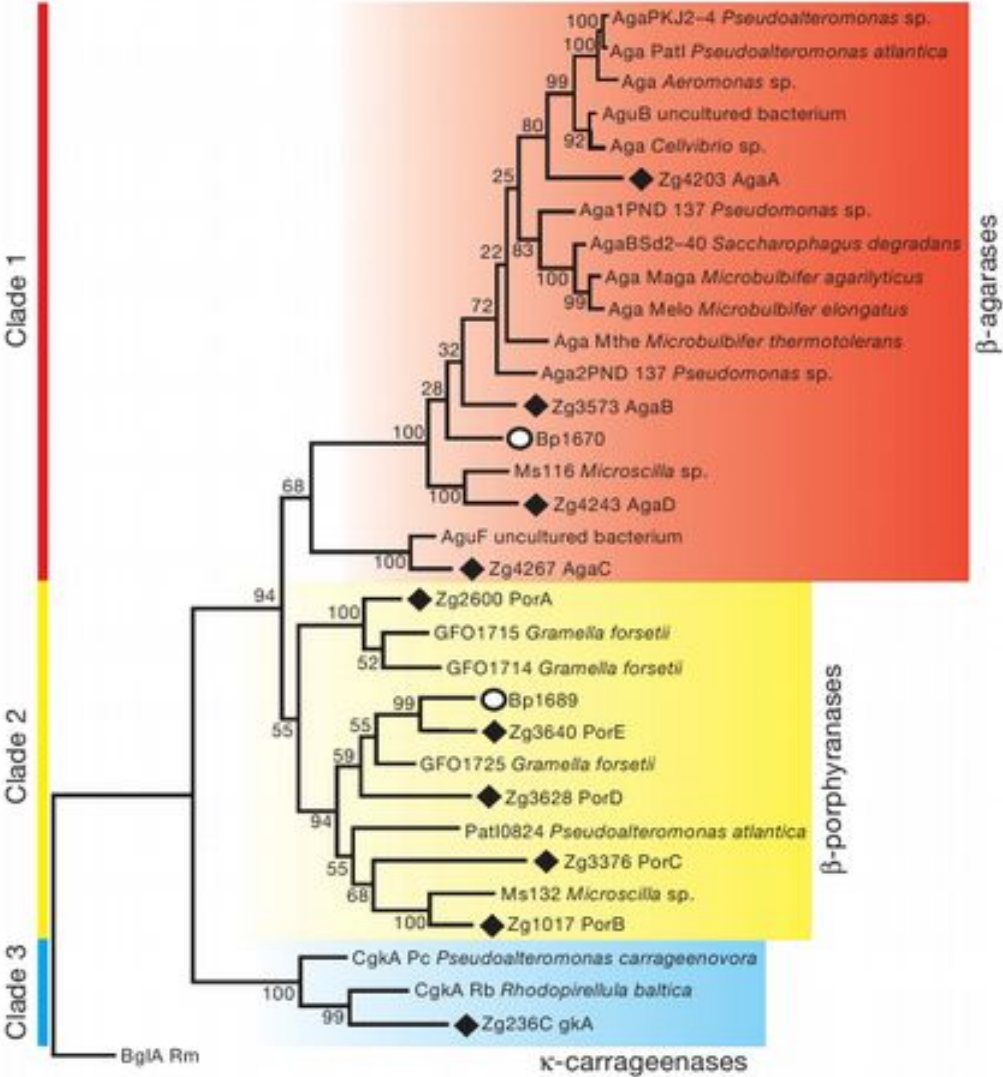
Nous sommes ce que nous mangeons

Digestion des algues chez les japonais

◆ *Zobellia galactanivorans*



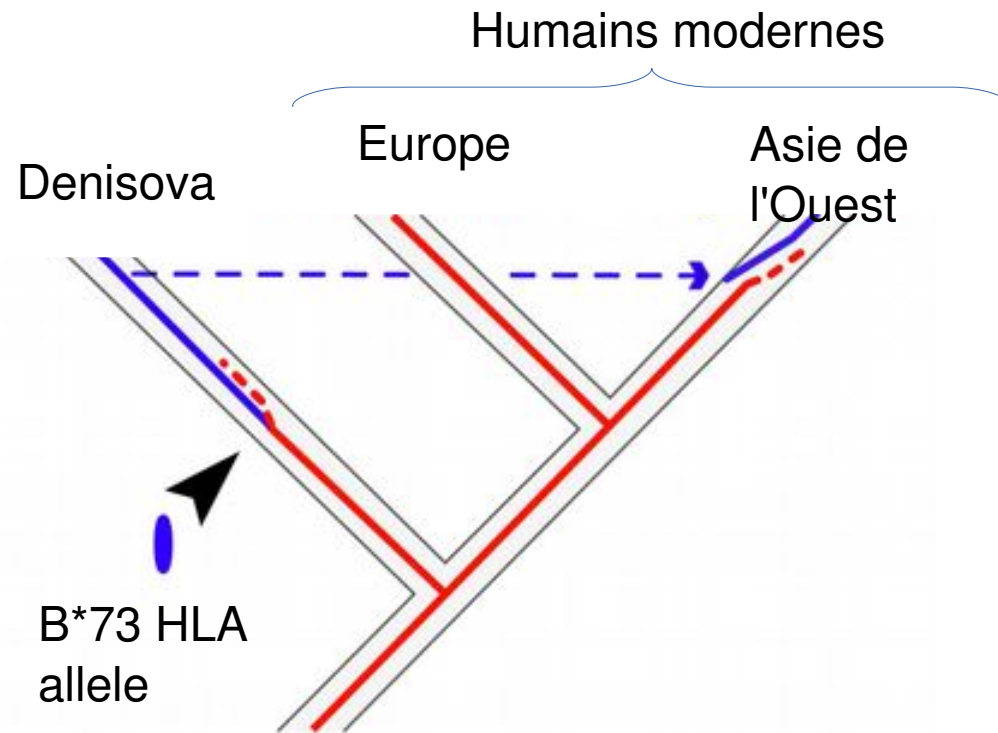
seaweed



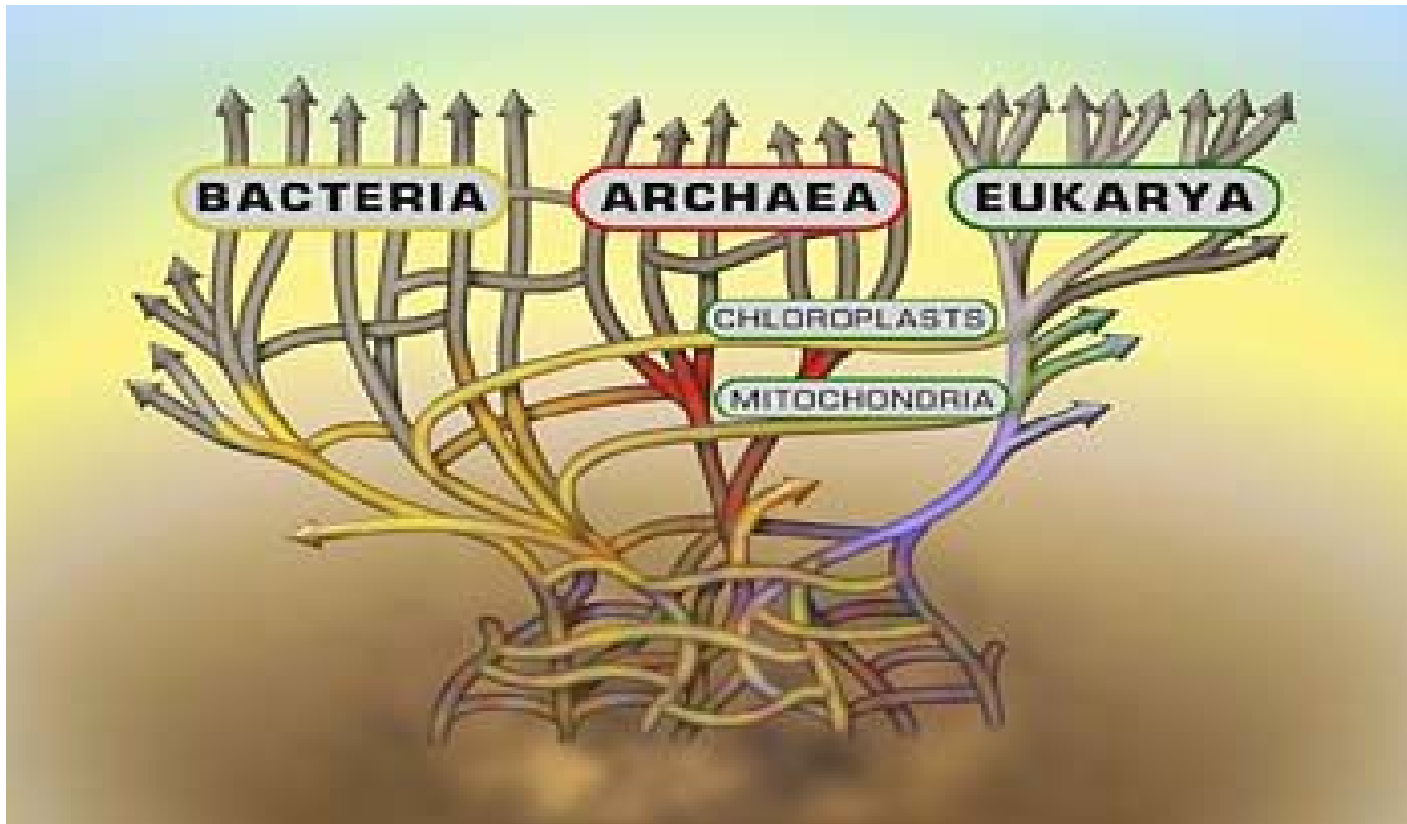
○ *Bacteroides plebeius*
from Japanese microbiome only!

Plagiarisme génétique de gènes du système immunitaire

Sibérie et Asie du Sud-Est



L'arbre de la vie n'est pas un arbre



L'évolution du génome et le génome dans l'évolution

Le génome et l'ADN

Mutations somatiques / dans la lignée germinale

Le génome et le phénotype

GxE

Comparaison de génomes

Arbre phylogénétique, migration, sélection

Echanges de portions de génomes

<http://tolweb.org/tree/>

